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The Bombay Chronicle

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Mahatma To Meet Chiang-Kai-Shek In Bombay

Congress President To Meet Chiang-Kai-Shek

JAWAHAR'S REPORT ON HIS 90-MINUTES TALKS

China's Generalissimo And India's War Efforts

(From 'A. P.' and 'U. P.')

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

PANDIT Jawaharlal Nehru who came into the Viceregal Estate at 5-20 p.m. had ninety minutes' discussion this evening with Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek. Pandit Nehru expects to see the Generalissimo again, probably to-morrow.

'PHONE TO SEVAGRAM

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had a telephonic conversation with Gandhiji at Sevagram.

Pandit Nehru also met Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, at Mr. Asaf Ali's residence before meeting the Generalissimo.

TALKS WITH AZAD

From the Viceregal Estate, Pandit Nehru drove straight to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's residence and had a talk with him. The Maulana who was expected to leave for Lahore to-night has cancelled his departure and is expected to meet Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek to-morrow.

REPORT TO MAHATMA

It is learned that Pandit Nehru has conveyed to Mahatma Gandhi what transpired at his meeting with Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek to-day.

"WE TALKED OF CHINA, INDIA AND WORLD"

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru met Marshal Chiang-Kai-shek and Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek and had ninety minutes' conversation with them this evening. The meeting took place in the house in the Viceregal Estates set apart for the distinguished visitors.

Pandit Nehru, as he arrived at 5-20, was met at the outer gate by a member of the Marshal's entourage who got into the Pandit's car and drove with him to the house over which the Union Jack and the Marshal's Flag were flying side by side. Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek had gone out on an earlier engagement and came in some fifteen minutes after the Pandit entered the house.

TO MEET AGAIN

The Pandit came out at the end of the talks at 7-20.

To press men who surrounded him, he said he was most happy to meet the Marshal and Madam Chiang-Kai-Shek on their visit to India, and that he would probably see them again to-morrow. An engagement would be fixed up to-morrow morning.

"Of course, we talked about India, China and the world situation", he added in reply to questions.

"If Mahatmaji and the Marshal like, they will certainly meet," he added, laughingly parrying further questions.

UNJUST TO EXPECT IT

"Asked about reports of possible discussions directed to a political settlement, the Pandit declared it was unlikely that the Marshal's visit would make any difference to the Congress attitude to war effort and suggested it would be unjust to expect the Marshal to undertake the task of advising Indians on political questions.

NO MEETING IN MORNING

The Nehru-Chiang-Kai-Shek meeting could not take place in the morning. It is stated that Pandit Jawaharlal went to the Viceroy's House at 11 a. m., but since the Generalissimo and the Viceroy were together, the expected meeting was postponed till 5 in the afternoon.

It is learnt Pandit Nehru proposes to invite Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek to Allahabad.

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Punjab Premier, has also sent telegraphic invitation to the Marshal to visit the Punjab.

It is quite on cards that the Congress President Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, will meet the Chinese General.

Generalissimo Meets Councillors

General Chiang-Kai-Shek had meetings to-day with some members of the Viceroy's Executive Council individually. It is gathered that the talks related mainly to India's war effort and the urgency of making it hundred per cent effective. It is assumed that the political situation as it affects the war effort was also touched upon and suggestions to deal with it were put forward and considered.

It is believed that besides Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who is now in Delhi, the General is likely to meet Maulana Azad, Mr. Jinnah and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru.

Mrs. Pandit To Meet China's Leaders

It is learned that Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit is arriving here to-morrow to see Generalissimo and Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek.

MAHATMA TO MEET CHIANG-KAI-SHEK

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 11.

It is likely Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek will visit Bombay, where Mahatma Gandhi may also see him.

China Holds Up Banner To Civilised World

INDIA CAN LEARN FROM CHIANGS HOW TO MEET AGGRESSOR, SAYS VICEROY

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

The following is the text of the speech by H. E. the Viceroy at a banquet given in honour of Their Excellencies Generalissimo and Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek at the Viceroy's House to-night;

Your Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen:

A most wise philosopher—none other than Confucius—has asked "Is it not delightful to have men of kindred spirit come to one from afar?"

None of the posterity for whom he wrote could be more deeply conscious of the truth of that sentiment than we who, on this happy occasion, are privileged to welcome among us the two great leaders of the Chinese nation, and their distinguished companions.

BANNER TO CIVILISED WORLD

The story of China during the last decade cannot be read apart from the names of our guests of honour. They have woven themselves into the heroic pattern of fortitude, determination and united endeavour which China to-day holds up as it were a banner to the civilised world.

I do not need to remind you of what is already history. Throughout nearly five bitter and strenuous years the Generalissimo and his consort have concentrated and symbolised in their persons the glorious resistance of free China to the ouslaughts of the Japanese aggressor. In a dark hour for the British Empire, the Prime Minister of Great Britain, Mr. Winston Churchill, once declared that we would fight on "If necessary for years, and if necessary alone." China has honourable cause to know the meaning of those words. Standing alone against a powerful and well-prepared enemy, she has kept alight the torch of freedom, and in her heroic struggle our guests of honour have throughout borne the heaviest burden

OBJECT OF VISIT

That burden is scarcely lighter now, although, thank God, neither they nor we stand alone: for to-day as Allies, with strength and resources joined, we face the future with renewed determination and confidence. A few weeks ago His Excellency the Generalissimo accepted the supreme command over all the forces of the Allied nations operating in Chinese theatre of war, which will include Indo-China and Thailand. We are proud indeed that one of the first acts of the Marshal and his wife, after the assumption of that great command, has been to visit our land of India. Their gracious and courageous gesture sweeps aside the barriers which nature has erected, and causes us to see, perhaps more clearly than before, how near are China and India to each other, and how many of the priceless gifts of civilisation they have in common. In both, the ideals of culture and of kindness prevail; in both the lamp of freedom has been lit;

and we in India may well learn from China what can be done by valiant and selfless men and women to survive and overcome the worst shocks of the aggressor and to work together for a common and unselfish end.

TRIBUTE TO MADAME CHIANG

Her Excellency Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek, we know, has been an inspiration not only to the cause of China itself but to the greater world, and most certainly to India. We have heard of her tireless labours in the cause of war relief and in finding homes for refugee children and for the orphans of gallant soldiers killed in the struggle. We know too that she has been frequently exposed to the dangers of war and has accompanied her husband on his campaigns. It is our good fortune that she accompanies him, too, on his errands of friendship, and we are proud to have her with us to-night.

SHOULDER TO SHOULDER

Ladies and gentlemen, we have heard how at this time, when the enemy is threatening the eastern bastion of our fortress, the soldiers of China have come, without hesitation and without stint, to stand by the side of ours on the Burma front. That is the act of a great ally, and of a brother too. These are the men—and here is their leader—among whose battle honours are inscribed the names of Changsha and Taierchwang. We shall fight this war, therefore, confident and proud in the knowledge that we shall be with China through rough and smooth, through fair weather and foul until the victorious end. It shall be with us as with John Bunyan's pilgrim;

"Whoso beset him round
With dismissal stories
Do but themselves confound
His strength the more is
There's no discouragement
Shall make him once relent
His first avowed intent
To be a pilgrim".

GOAL OF 'PILGRIMAGE'

With God's help our pilgrimage, side by side with China and our other mighty Allies, shall not end until the enemy is utterly destroyed, in Asia, in Europe, on the high seas. Until for banners of victory float at least on a free air, purged of tyranny and oppression. There could be no happier augury of that dawn of victory towards which we now march together than the presence with us

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 4)

MARSHAL CHIANG TO TAKE SALUTE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

A ceremonial parade of troops quartered in the neighbourhood of Delhi will be held this morning at 11 a.m. on the Ceremonial Parade ground, west of the War Memorial Arch, New Delhi, in honour of H. E. Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek.

H. E. Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek, who will be accompanied by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, will take the salute. Members of H. E. the Viceroy's Executive Council and Members of the Legislative Assembly will be present, in addition to civil and military officers.—A. P.

Land Of Buddha Greets Marshal

PATNA, Feb. 10.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad has sent the following message to Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek in Delhi:—

"I beg to extend to Your Excellency and Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek a cordial welcome on behalf of Bihar which has a proud record of being that province of India where Buddha attained enlightenment and spent the greater portion of his life spreading and preaching his gospel. We pray your visit my strengthen the bond between India and China."—United Press.

New Japanese Thrust Towards Java

CRITICAL TURN IN BATTLE OF SINGAPORE

Australian Air Force Attacks Enemy Shipping

LONDON, February 10.

THE Japanese are "probably about ten miles" from Singapore though, with the situation changing rapidly, it is difficult to say exactly at what point they have advanced towards the city, stated authoritative quarters in London to-day.

Information reaching London suggests that in some instances places have changed hands.

Sungei Mandai and Sungei Kranji between which points the new Japanese landing was made, are about two miles apart. Sungei Mandai is a small creek about three-quarters of a mile west of the causeway and just north of the railway to Singapore.

It is pointed out that the defending forces have to hold a considerable perimeter. Therefore it is not difficult for the Japanese to obtain local superiority at any point they decide to attack.

JAPANESE CLAIM NOT CONFIRMED

It is stated authoritatively in London that there is no confirmation of the Japanese reports that they have repaired the causeway linking Singapore with the Johore mainland, nor is anything known of landings by the Japanese east of the causeway.

Further Enemy Landings

SINGAPORE:— A Communique says that last night the enemy made further landings on the Island in the area between Sungei Mandai and Sungei Kranji.

Despite stubborn resistance there was some further withdrawal of our forces.

The following is the text of the Communique:

"During last night the enemy succeeded in making further landings on the island in the area between Sungei Mandai and Sungei Kranji.

The enemy has maintained continuous dive-bomb and machine-gun attack on our forward areas in the western sector throughout the day as well as high level bombing attacks by large formations of aircraft.

At the same time he has maintained heavy pressure and continued to infiltrate in this area. Despite stubborn resistance there has been some further withdrawal of our forces.

On the north coast of the Island there was some enemy machine-gun fire during the night and slight enemy shelling".

How Japanese Landed In Singapore

The official correspondent with the Australian forces at Singapore wires:

"The Japanese landings followed a smashing barrage, which grew to a crescendo from 20/00 onward. We held positions on the coast running west of the Kranji Estuary and were left comparatively unmolested but on either flank fire was poured in, making approach of the troops holding these areas difficult. Towards 23/00 the enemy started to get ashore. No sooner were the first Japanese landings engaged than they started to pour in "hordes" as the Battalion Commander put it to-day. Our artillery and machine gunners were sweeping the Straits with bullets, this time also concentrating on the beach opposite, but the Japanese seemed to be in strength. Meanwhile their gunfire was crashing into our positions. The landings soon had our forward troops in trouble and they had fallen back to straighten their line. Reinforcements were rushed to the area. They have been at it all day. The troops have done their best all day but it is a case of huge numbers crushing thinly held lines.

FIGHTING ON SALWEEN FRONT

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The Japanese claim to have crossed the river Salween in force is not confirmed in authoritative quarters in London which state that there appears to be no change in the situation in Burma. Small local patrols on both sides are understood to have crossed and recrossed the river, but these are merely small scale reconnaissances.

RANGOON: An Army Communique states that on Salween Front there is some activity to the north of Martaban where our troops have come into contact with a small force of the enemy. Further details are not yet available.

JAPANESE THRUST AGAINST JAVA

BATAVIA, Feb. 10.

The Japanese have started landings on south-west Celebes near Macassar, states the Batavia "communique" issued to-day.

The destruction which the Dutch had ordered there has been carried out. The invaders are meeting with strong resistance.

Twenty Japanese bombers on Monday attacked the aerodrome at Malang in east Java, but without damaging it.

A large enemy bomber was destroyed in an air fight near Sourabaya.

Japanese fighters slightly damaged some aerodromes near Batavia and destroyed some planes on the ground. Oil and petrol fires were started. At least one—probably two—raiders were shot down.

The 'communique' adds that slight infiltration by small Japanese patrols continues in south-east and south-east Borneo.

Resistance continues at Amboina.

A JUMPING OFF GROUND

Japan's drive towards Java has been renewed. After being halted for over two weeks by losses suffered in the battle of the Straits of Macassar, the Japanese expeditionary force is on their move to the south again, says Reuter's special correspondent.

It is officially announced that Japanese troops landed to-day at Macassar, the Capital of the Celebes. In the calm protected waters of the Bay of Balik Papan (Eastern Borneo) where they took refuge they have evidently been able to reorganise and reinforce their ships and men.

Macassar is important as a jumping off ground for attack against the great naval base of Sourabaya on Java's eastern flank, since it possesses useful harbourage and airfield about 450 miles north-east of Sourabaya.

At the same time the Japanese are attempting to invest Banjermassin in southern Borneo which provides another anchorage about 350 miles due north of Sourabaya.

There are reports that a further Japanese expeditionary force is concentrating at Pontianak (north-west Borneo). It is believed in some quarters that this presages a separate thrust against Batavia, the great harbour on Java's western flank. Possibly the two thrusts against Batavia and Sourabaya will be delivered simultaneously.

DARING NAVAL ACTION

To-day when the crippling effects of the battle of the Straits of Macassar have been made good by the Japanese, I am able to reveal that the main factor in the setback to the expeditionary fleet was a daring action by four American destroyers against superior Japanese naval forces.

One evening towards dusk the destroyers sighted a Japanese cruiser sailing south through the

(Continued on page 5, col. 4)

Savage Battle In Bataan

Japanese Reinforcements Land Off Lingayen Gulf

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.

It is officially stated that Japanese reinforcements have landed off the Lingayen Gulf. The fighting in Bataan in the past 24 hours has been very savage.

It is officially stated that a United States army transport has been torpedoed and sunk in the Hawaiian area.

A War Department 'communique' states: "In a message to the War Department General MacArthur emphasised the grim determination of his American and Filipino troops. The identification of five veteran Japanese Divisions on the Bataan Peninsula in addition to many other supporting troops and the reported landing of reinforcements on the Lingayen Gulf areas indicate heavy odds against them.

BATTLE OF BATAAN

Fighting in Bataan in the past 24 hours has been intermittent, but of a particularly savage nature. The enemy has suffered heavy casualties. During the past 24 hours, our troops have shot down seven enemy planes. This brings the total of hostile aircraft positively confirmed as destroyed in the Philippines since the outbreak of war to 163. Many others were hit and probably destroyed, but their loss has not been definitely confirmed. The siege and fire directed against our forts from concealed enemy batteries on the Cavite shore continued.

Our counter-battery fire met with some success.

HAWAIIAN TRANSPORT SUNK

The Commanding General of the Hawaiian Department reports that a United States army transport "Royal Frank" was sunk by torpedo fired by an enemy submarine in the Hawaiian area on January 28. Twenty-nine persons are missing and are believed to be lost. Thirty-three survivors have reached a Hawaiian port.

"Frank" was a small inter-island freighter of 224 net tons, operating in Hawaiian waters, and normally carried a limited number of passengers.

AN AIR BATTLE IN THE NETHERLANDS INDIES

area in a relatively minor aerial action, a small formation of the American army P. FORTY fighting planes encountered a flight of Japanese bombers. In the ensuing combat one enemy plane was destroyed and none of our planes damaged.

There is nothing to report from other areas."

AUSTRALIAN ATTACK ON JAP SHIPPING

MELBOURNE, Feb. 10.

The Royal Australian Air Force attacked enemy shipping off the coast of New Guinea last night, says an official air force 'communique' issued to-day. Bombs were dropped in the target area, but details of the operations have not yet been received at the Air Force Headquarters, the 'communique' adds.

Jap Landing At Gasmaya

CANBERRA: A 'communique' announces that the Japanese landed at Gasmaya on the south coast of New Britain on Monday.—Reuter.

U. S. FLEET VANGUARD REACHES WELLINGTON

BOSTON, Feb. 10.

The vanguard of the United States naval force has arrived at Wellington, New Zealand, according to the correspondent of the newspaper "Christian Science Monitor", accompanying the fleet.

The correspondent says American reinforcements were landed at "way stations along the route" from Pearl Harbour.—Reuter.

One Minute To Approve Huge Loan To China

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.

The Senate Appropriations Committee approved in one minute a Five Hundred Million Dollar Aid to China bill.—Reuter.

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Wanted temporary Expert Electric Welders for a period of 2 months. Wages Rs. 3|- per day plus bonus on daily turnover of work. Apply in person with copies of certificates between the hours of 4 and 5 P.M. at the following address:—The Tata Oil Mills Co., Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay. (7313)

Wanted:—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Western Provincial Cosmopolitan Syndicate, Delhi. (15756)

Wanted:—A qualified and experienced Civil Engineer for a Large Sugar Factory in U.P. for Building construction, Roads drainage, etc. Apply with testimonials stating terms to Box No. 7312, "Bombay Chronicle."

71. BUNGALOWS WANTED

Wanted Bungalow in Mulund, Borivli, Virar, Bulsar or Bhusaval. Apply Box No. 15770, "Bombay Chronicle."

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To sell Madrasi suitings, shirtings. Commission or pay. No security. "Vamaco Fabrics", Cawnpore. (15765)

Wanted purchasers of our Tower Brand washing soaps cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (15762)

Agents for Malayalam High Count, Nariels, Dhoties, modern designed, Saries. The Travancore Weaving Home, Kottar. (15760)

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Loans advanced promptly on Promissory Notes and Mortgages! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation (Established 1934) 203, Hornby Road and Balaram House Charni Road Tram Junction. (15716)

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Artistic Decorated A. R. P. Shades. Visit Sharma Trading Co. 159-163, Lohar Chawl, Bombay for high class Parchment A. R. P. shades. Shades to your special requirement made to order. (7284)

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and

NASIK ROAD SUB-OFFICE.

In response to the request of several leading merchants of Nasik, Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co., Ltd., will open a Branch at NASIK CITY and a Sub-Office at NASIK ROAD on Wednesday, the 11th February, 1942.

Accounts for the Nasik Offices will also be opened through any of the Denabank's Local Offices, if desired.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Policy No. 493425 on the life of Mr. Narottam Vallabhdas Rajani is LOST and that the surrender value in entire cancellation of the Policy will be paid unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date. All claims after the expiration of the said period of one month will be considered waived and of no effect.

(Sd.) H. E. JONES,
Manager.

Bombay, 11/2/1942. 15767.

NOTICE.

IN ADDITION to the Manufacture of Soda Ash Dhrangadra Chemical Works Ltd., have now started production of Soda Bicarb on Commercial Scale. For particulars apply to:

Messrs. H. M. MEHTA & SONS,
Sole Concessionaires,
Dhrangadra Chemical Works Ltd.,
Mehta House, Apollo Street,
Bombay. 7285

BENGAL & ASSAM RAILWAY.

1. Applications are invited for the post of—
   (a) One Marine Engineer Inspector,
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2. Selected candidates will be appointed on probation for one year. They will be paid a salary of Rs. 350|- per month during the period of probation and Rs. 400|- per month on confirmation.
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   (a) FOR THE POST OF MARINE ENGINEER INSPECTOR—
   First Class Board of Trade Engineer's Certificate or Colonial Certificate of Competency. Applicants with Inland Engineer's Certificates will also be considered. Candidates must not be more than 40 years of age on 28th February, 1942, and must have served as an engineer in Charge of a watch and have been in charge of a Marine Workshop as Foreman or possess an equivalent qualification. Preference will be given to candidates experienced in Railway Wagon Ferry repairs and maintenance.
   (b) FOR THE POST OF MARINE INSPECTOR—
   Masters or Mates' Board of Trade or Colonial Certificate of Competency. Preference will be given to applicants holding Inland Masters' certificates in addition to the above, subject to other qualifications being equal. Candidates must not be over 40 years of age on 28th February, 1942.
4. Applicants should give full details of past experience, educational and technical qualifications supported by copies of testimonials.
5. Application should be submitted in the prescribed form, which can be had on payment of a fee of Re. 1|- only, post free from the Office Superintendent, Central Registry, E. B. Railway, No. 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta. The fee of Re. 1|- will not be refunded under any circumstances and no postal stamps will be accepted in lieu of cash payment.
6. The application, after being filled in should be addressed to the General Manager (Recruitment), E. B. Railway, No. 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta and be either sent by post or dropped into the locked box kept in the Personnel Branch of the General Manager's office.
   Any application addressed to the General Manager or any other officer by name, or addressed otherwise than as stated herein will not be considered.
7. The last date of submission of the application is 28th February, 1942.
8. Canvassing of any nature will disqualify a candidate from selection. (7255)

Public Notices

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the Current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of February, 1942, at 10-45 a.m. (S. T.).

M. R. A. BAIG.
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 10th February, 1942. 7337

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NOORMAHOMED SULLEMAN MOOSA ADENWALLA, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Ali Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Foras Tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house or chawl standing thereon situate, lying and being at Sankli Street, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 600 (six hundred) square yards or thereabouts consisting of 495 square yards built over and 105 sq. yards left for proposed 40 feet road forming portion of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 29-95-96, New Nos. 13531-13602, Old Survey Nos. 283-284-294 and New Survey Nos. 1-2-3|3549 and bearing Cadastral No. 1846 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 3913, Old Street No. 100 and New Street No. 8 and bounded as follows:—On the East by a road, on the West by the property of Rustomji Byramji, on the North by a passage and beyond that by the land belonging to the Bombay Improvement Trust and on the South by the property of Sardar Haji Badloo Subrati.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1942.

THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY,
& CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys. (7327)

Public Notices

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Lubricating Oils, Grease, Cylinders and Engine Oils, Petrol, Crude Oil, etc., required by the Surat Borough Municipality during the year 1942-43 are invited so as to reach the undersigned on or before 20th February, 1942.

Each tender must be accompanied by Rs. 100/- as deposit without which no tender will be accepted.

Further particulars and specifications can be had from the Municipal Engineer's office.

The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) B. B. MALIA,
Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality
Dated 9-2-42. 7334

Legal Notices

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF SIND AT KARACHI.

Civil Suit No. 41 of 1940.

M/s. GOLDEN EAGLE MOVIATONE CO. LTD., ... Plaintiff.

against

HARIRAM & others ... Defendants.

To,

The defendant No. 2 Bhagwandas Ghanshamdas, Hindu, adult, merchant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

WHEREAS the plaintiff abovenamed has instituted a suit against you for declaration valued at Rs. 200/-.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court before Second Registrar in person, or by a pleader instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the 9th day of March, 1942 at 12 o'clock in the noon to answer the claim; and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

TAKE NOTICE that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Also take notice that in default of your filing an address for service on or before the date mentioned you are liable to have your defence struck out.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court, this 6th day of February, 1942.

Seal

By Order,
RAHIMTULLA PIRDESIA,
Clerk of the Court. 7335.

WANTED.

FOR MILITARY RAILWAY UNITS, FOR SERVICE OVERSEAS.

Men of good physique, between 20 and 35 years of age to enrol as:

STATION MASTER (Trainees)
ASSISTANT STATION MASTER (Trainees) and
DRIVER ENGINE RAILWAY (Trainees)

Applicants must possess not lower than Matriculation certificate or equivalent and be able to pass the necessary medical examination.

After enrolment they will undergo periods of training at different centres on the G. I. P. Railway and at the Military Railway Training School on that Railway.

Pay and allowances while under training:—
Station Master and Assistant Station Master (Trainees) Rs. 46|- per month.
Driver Engine Railway (Trainees)—Rs. 54|- per month.

After training and passing the necessary examination trainees will be promoted as qualified men on increased rates of pay.

For full particulars apply either in person or in writing to the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, Sholapur, Bhusaval, Jubbulpore, Jhansi· Divisional Engineer, Poona, Bhusaval, Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Jhansi· Special Recruiting Officer, Victoria Terminus Bombay, Bhusaval, Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Jhansi, or the Officer Commanding, Technical Group, G. I. P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Bombay. (7336)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of scrap timber available at the Carr: & Wagon & Elect: Stores Depot, Matunga, Bombay. Price per copy of tender form Re. 1|- which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 26th February, 1942, at 3 p.m. (S. T.). Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. 7329

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, GODREJ SAFES & CUPBOARDS, CARPETS, KELVINATOR ETC.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction TO-DAY WEDNESDAY the 11th February, 1942 at 11 a.m. (S.T.) at Navsari Building on Hornby Road, Fort, the undermentioned property of Messrs. Nisho & Co., Ltd. vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

Writing tables, revolving and other chairs, counter show cases, racks, book stands, cheque writing machine, Zenith and other clocks, dining table and chairs, electric ceiling fans, Godrej best quality safes, and steel cupboards, kelvinator, duplicating machine, stationery, 19th century Persian Carpets and numerous other articles.

On view 2 days before sale.

Public is requested that the garden plants, etc., having been sold already by private treaty, not to take trouble for the inspection of the same.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G.I.P. RLY.

Under instructions from G. I. P. Rly. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public Auction on THURSDAY, the 26th February, 1942 at 1-30 P. M. (S.T.) at the above place unclaimed goods including

Bags of Jawari, Bajree, Wheat, Rice, Toor, Dall, Chillies, Cotton seeds, Castor seeds, Mohar seeds, Hirda, Linseed, Poha, G. N. seed Turmeric, Tamarind, Sugar, Chuni, Urid, Moog, China Clay, B. Nuts, Earth, Bundles of Gunny Brooms, C. Ropes, E. Tins, Papers, Books, Bedding, B. Baskets, B. Mattings, Ladder, Carpet, Jagree, Scraps wire, Leathers, Bolts, Nuts, I. Bars, I. Plates, C. I. seed, Dry fish, Pipes, Nails, Washers, M. R. Tyres, E. G. Cylinders, E. I. Barrels, E. P. Cans, Plough parts, Bales of F. P. Cotton, Gunny C. P. Goods, Cases of Tea, Hardware, Shoes, Chapals, Soap, Slate, Haberdashery, Cycle parts, Elect. goods, Hosiery, Acid, Caps, Aggarbati, H. H. effects, Dry Battery, Baskets of glass ware, Bangle, G. Beeds, Tins of oil Ghee, Molasses, Rose water, Kegs of paint, Phenohyle, lot of tarpaulin rags and condemned ropes, Barrels of oil, etc., etc.

Terms:—Full amount or 50% deposit and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 7th March, 1942.

Important Notice—No old or new iron or steel material can be disposed of without the buyer furnishing a license or a written order from the Iron and Steel Controller.

BENNETT & CO.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

In Insolvency

NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND

THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE of Bombay has declared a dividend in the following estates as per particulars mentioned below. The dividend will be paid on and after the 16th instant to those creditors who have proved their claims. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the addresses of the creditors as appearing in the record of this office:

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of Estates.	Dividend declared	Rate of dividend declared in the Rupee. As. ps.
1	679|36	Re: Ganpat Narsinha Kamath	FIRST	2 — 3
2	210|38	„ Chotalal Chunilal & another traded as Sha Chunilal Kasturchand Dabholwala	„	0 — 5
3	35|39	„ Ignac Goldsteane	„	2 — 0
4	51|39	„ Quirino Louis Linhares	„	1 — 4
5	269|39	„ Hemchand Dayal Sha	„	0 —10½
6	2|40	„ Herbert Roberts	„	0 —10½
7	36|40	„ Kanmarth Kunhi Anant Nambiar	„	0 —10
8	45|40	„ Thomas Harold Tate	„	0 — 9
9	268|36	„ Fulchand Mohanlal & Co.	SECOND	0 — 9
10	182|38	„ Erachshaw Shapurji Bengali	„	0 — 2½
11	361|38	„ Issac Sassoon Ashtamkar	SECOND & FINAL SUPPLEMENTARY	4 — 3
12	48|37	„ Robert Emanuel Devine	and FINAL Preferential distribution	3 — 9
13	270|39	„ Magonlal Vanmali Sha		16 — 0

Bombay dated this 9th day of February, 1942.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay. (7333)

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE of decorative, artistic and useful articles comprising Chinese vases, plates, tea sets, skilfully carved ivory pagodas and figures, rare jade table screens and tray, Indian ivory and paper paintings, carved wood tables, semi-precious and coloured stones, articles and various other useful and decorative works.

ON THURSDAY, the 12th February, 1942, at 3 p.m. at 123, Medows Street.

On View

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. 4299.

7th Triumphant Week

AND STILL GOING STRONG!

"SHADI"

A memorable Masterpiece that simply CANNOT be forgotten

Director:—JAYANT DESAI

DELIGHTFUL MELODIOUS SONGS!

Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.

CHITRA

Vincent Road, DADAR.

TRIUMPH AFTER TRIUMPH

23rd WEEK 23rd
23rd WEEK 23rd

MINERVA'S TRIUMPHANT HISTORICAL

SIKANDAR

Director: SOHRAB MODI

NOW RUNNING in TWENTY-THIRD WEEK at

MINERVA

TO-DAY—SHOWS Nos. 514, 515, 516

Daily 3 Shows—4, 7, 9-45 p.m. (ANEVERGREEN RELEASE)

Now in its 2nd Week!

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

Deanna Durbin — Charles Laughton — with Robert Cummings

It Started with Eve

A UNIVERSAL PICTURE

NEW SONGS! NEW LAUGHS!

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

Fred ASTAIRE
Paulette GODDARD
in the
Gay musical hit
"SECOND CHORUS"

A UNIVERSAL MESSAGE TO HUMAN RACE!

Save Yourselves

From the Impending Sway of the War!

COME & SEE

PRAKASH'S

IMMORTAL PRIDE

BHARAT MILAP

(HINDI)

BHARAT BHET

(MARATHI)

NOW IN 2nd Glamorous Weak

Starring.

DURGA KHOTE, SHOBHNA SAMARTH, SHAHU MODAK, PREM ADIB, UMAKANT, NIMBALKAR, RATNAMALA, VIMLA VASISTHA, etc.

Direction: VIJAY BHATT

Daily time: 11-30 a.m. (MARATHI) 2-45 p.m. & 5-45 p.m. (HINDI). 9 p.m. (MARATHI.)

MAJESTIC

CINEMA GIRGAUM

(An Evergreen Release.)

METRO

DAILY AT-3-30: 6-30: 9-30 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST 2 DAYS!

CRAWFORD TAYLOR GARSON HERBERT MARSHALL

When Ladies Meet

M-G-M Picture SPRING BYINGTON

Hear

SONGS-MUSIC

From

SURENDRA & ROSE

in

Garib

SWASTIK

TALKIES (PATHE)

Daily: 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
FRIDAY EXTRA SHOWS: 9 A.M. and 12 Noon

IS LIFE OF LUXURY WORTH LIVING...

If you Aren't Allowed To live It at Your Sweet will?

TO-NIGHT

RANJIT'S

Starring

social

BETI

Directed by:
JAYANT DESAI

CAST:
KHURSHID VASANTI
AROON, E. BILLIMORIA

Daily at 3, 6, 9 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

TO-DAY SPECIAL ZENANA SHOW FOR LADIES at 1-15 p.m.
4th WEEK OF
CHANDAN
ASHOK'S
Inspiring Romance at
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Friday Matinee at 1-30 p.m.

5 FIFTH WEEK

A Dynamic Drama

OF HUMANITY'S NOBLEST BENEFACTOR!

NEW THEATRES' HUMAN DOCUMENT

DOCTOR

Starring:
BHARATI, P. MULLICK, JYOTI PRAKSH, AHIN CHOUDHARY, ETC.

AT NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
On Friday, Matinee at 1-30 p.m.

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NOTE DOWN

This name in your Diary & Remember it

PYAS

MURLI MOVIETONE'S absorbing human drama

And the date is

FRIDAY, 13th FEB.

The stars: SNEHPRABHA, ISHWARLAL, & others

Director RAM DARYANI

AT IMPERIAL

THE SCREEN TEAM OF THE YEAR

MAKE THE BIGGEST PICTURE OF ANY YEAR - - - -

NASEEM

AND

PRITHVIRAJ

IN THE GAYEST MUSICAL ROMANCE THE SCREEN HAS EVER SEEN!

IN TAJ MAHAL'S DREAM IN CELLULOID

UJALA

Supported by

MUBARAK, RATANBAI

MIRZA MUSHARRAF & others

Directed by

K. M. MULTANI

GRAND PREMIERE FEB. 21

LAMINGTON TALKIES

Swinging To The Peak Of Popularity!

BOMBAY TALKIES'

JHOOLA

Daily: 3, 6-30, 9-45 P. M.

ROXY

FRIDAY (Holiday) 11-45 A. M.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 11, 1998
Muslim: Moharrum 24, 1361
Parsi: Shehrever 10, 1311.
Sunrise 7-11 a.m. Sunset 6-35 p.m.
Hightide 7-38, 21-30; Lowtide 2-20, 14-2s.
TO-MORROW (Thursday):
Corporation Meeting: 3 p.m. (B.T.).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

ROXY—"Jhoola" 3, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
METRO—"When Ladies Meet" 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m
LAMINGTON—"Chandan" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Second Chorus" 4, 6-30 & 9-30
REGAL—"It Started With Eve" 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m
EXCELSIOR—"The Night of January 16th" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Doctor" 4, 7 and 9-45
OPERA HOUSE—"Beti" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-45, 5-45 & 9
MINERVA—"Sikandar" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
BROADWAY—"India To-day" 4-15 7 and 10
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Garib" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
EDWARD—"Devdas" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Adam Had 4 Sons" 4, 6-30 & 10
NOVELTY—All-Star Non-Stop Variety, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Raja Rani" 4 6-45 and 9-30
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

KEERTAN VIDYALAYA, DADAR: A public Keertan Sermon will be delivered by Mr. G.G. Bhosekar at the Institute to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) on account of Ekadashi.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public meeting for questions and answers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome and all are cordially invited.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY: The 56th annual general meeting will be held in the rooms of the B.B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

BLAVATSKY LODGE, T.S.: Mr. K.J.B. Wadia will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Message of Theosophy to the Weary World."

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes:—Bombay National Guards have decided in their Managing Committee meeting held on Sunday last to co-operate with the B.P.C.C. in organising people's Volunteer Brigade.

HINDUSTANI SHIKSHAK VIDYALAYA: The Secretary, Bombay Provincial Hindi Prachar Sabha writes:—The classes of the three months' Refresher Course for the Hindustani Shikshak Sanad Examination held by the Hindustani Board, Government of Bombay, have been started. Those who are Kovid or Visharad are eligible for admission. Applications should be immediately sent to the Sabha Office, Adenwala Mansion, Chowpatty Seaface, near Wilson College.

BHONSALA MILITARY SCHOOL: The Government scholarships at the Bhonsala Military School, Nasik, it has now been decided, will be tenable for five years, inclusive of the one year's preparatory class for admission to the Indian Military Academy, from Standard IV onwards or for the actual period taken by the scholar to complete the normal school course from Standard IV onwards and the training in the preparatory class, whichever is less.

HUME H. SCHOOL SPORTS: It is not "the winning of a race or the winning of trophies" but "what does count is the doing of one's best," said Sir Ishwardas Lakhmidas, presiding at the annual Intramural Athletic Sports of the Hume High School, on Monday. He congratulated the school authorities on the well-planned programme of physical training.

A busy card of events was arranged for the day. D.E. Edward won the Senior Boys' Championship; Miss R. Mulyil won the Girls' Championship and the Junior Boys' Championship was annexed by S.N.H. Kazi. The School Athletic Cup went to the Blue Star House.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY 11TH FEBRUARY

Delhi, I—Programme.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Nabi Jan. 5-15 For women. 6-15 Afzal Husain. 6-30 Personality, 1. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened. 7-50 Bazgul Khan. 8 Shamshad Begam. 8-15 An economist looks at the world. 8-30 Nabi Jan. 8-45 Mahboob Jan. 9-45 Afzal Husain. 9-50 Bhajan Lal. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Laksman Parshad. 10-20 Gauhar Sultan. 10-35 Nabi Jan.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Frontier tune. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Ashraf Khan. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Vimal Patki. 9-30 V. R. Sardeshmukh. 9-40 Hamid Husain. 9-50 M. Tufail. 12-30 p.m. Bhavgeets. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Music from the Movies. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 V. R. Sardeshmukh. 5-25 R. D. Ambegaonkar. 5-35 Narottam Das. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Kanna song. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 P. Taranath. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Vimal Patki. 6-50 S. N. Chapekar. 7 From a stolen diary. 7-15 V. R. Sardeshmukh. 7-25 Amritlal Navsarlwala. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Geet. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Democracy in danger. 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Ashraf Khan. 10-25 Vimal Patki.

Bombay II—Programme.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 P. Taranath. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Anant Rao Kerkar. 9 Bhajan. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 V. R. Sardeshmukh. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 P. Taranath. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Master Ratnakant. 9-30 Agnes Barrett. 9-45 Boston Symphony Orchestra. 10 Chamber music.

BROADWAY

(DADAR)

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

RANJIT'S Glorious Film

INDIA TODAY

Daily 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.

FROM FRI. 13TH MAHASHIVRATRI

Gangavataran

(HINDI)

Matinee at 1-30 on SHIVRATRI DAY FRI. 13TH

High Court

SUIT ON UNCERTIFIED ADJUSTMENT DECREED

(Before the Hon Mr. Justice Somjee)

Laxman H. Kanhare: Plaintiff v. Baj Man giabai, widow of Chimanlal Karsondas Mehta: Defendant.

Prior to 1931 the plaintiff carried on business in partnership with two others, as film producers under the name of Kohinoor United Artists. The defendant's husband Chimanlal obtained a decree for Rs. 9,254/5 against Kohinoor United Artists and another firm of Pratap and Co. on 8th Feb. 1933. After the death of Chimanlal, the defendant in Nov. 1934 agreed with the plaintiff to accept by instalments 3 annas in a rupee in full satisfaction of their decree leaving untouched the creditors' right to go against Pratap and Co. and the plaintiff paid off the whole amount according to this adjustment, which however was not certified to the Court. In Jan. 1937 the plaintiff, though not bound to do so also agreed to pay certain amounts in respect of the liability of Pratap and Co., their co-judgment-debtors and actually paid to the defendant Rs. 900 in pursuance of that agreement.

In spite of all these adjustments which were not certified to the Court under Order 21, Rule 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure, on 31st October 1938 took out proceedings in execution of the decree without giving the plaintiff credit for the amounts paid which could not be recognized by the Court being in the nature of uncertified adjustments.

The plaintiff therefore filed this suit for a declaration that the uncertified adjustment of which the defendant had knowingly committed a breach was valid and binding upon her and for recovery of the amounts overpaid to the defendant by reason of the breach of adjustment.

The defendant denied all knowledge of the adjustment and stated that she did not know the purport of certain documents she had been made to sign.

His Lordship disbelieved her defence and decreed the plaintiff's claim.

Mr. M.L. Maneksha with Mr. K.N. Daji instructed by Messrs. Vachha and Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. V.K. Chhatrapati with Mr. M.S. Vakil instructed by Messrs. Majmudar and Dalal appeared for the defendant.

PRODUCER GAS PLANT ON MOTOR VEHICLES

The Government of Bombay has considered the report of the Committee appointed to prepare approved specifications for producer gas plant on motor vehicles.

Copies of the approved specifications are now available at the office of the Director of Industries, Bombay, the Provincial Transport Authority, Secretariat, Bombay, Regional Transport Authorities and all District Superintendents of Police. Manufacturers of producer gas plant may obtain a certificate of approval of sample units of their plant from the Director of Industries.

In view of the damage that may be caused to motor engines by the use of inefficient producer gas plant, the Government gives notice that it proposes to take power to prohibit the use of unapproved producer gas plant on all motor vehicles, including private cars.

Meanwhile in order to encourage the fitting of approved producer gas plant on transport vehicles, the Government will give until further notice a refund of 50 per cent of the quarterly tax for four quarters after fitting to transport vehicles fitted with approved producer gas plant subject to the plant passing a quarterly inspection for efficiency.

The Government will also give advances to enable approved owners of transport vehicles to purchase approved producer gas plants. These advances will be repayable within a period of 18 months. Applications for advances should be made to the Director of Industries.

TANTALIZING TUNES SET TO THE RHYTHM OF ROMANCE!

HEAR THEM in ATRE PICTURES

SPARKLING SHOW OF LOVE, LYRICS & LAUGHTER

RajaRani

Producer: VANMALA

Story: PRINCIPAL ATRE

DIRECTION N. H. NAQVI

Starring VANMALA, MAZHARKHAN, TRILOK KAPOOR, SUNALINIDEVI

JOIN THE BIG CROWDS AT

CENTRAL

Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.

FRIDAY MATINEE 1-30 P.M.

TORMENT OF PILES ENDED!

To end the racking agony of piles without surgical operation, you need a preparation which is antiseptic, astringent, anaesthetic and vasoconstrictive. A preparation which unlike an oily rectal salve or cocoa butter suppository, penetrates the affected parts with the full potency of its healing ingredients. This preparation is called.

PROLARMON RECTAL

Manufactured by Prolarmon Inc., Chicago, U.S.A., and sold by all good chemists in handy tubes with full instructions for use, or by V. P. P. Rs. 4/2/- from Kemp & Co. Ltd., Charni Road, Bombay.

EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

ROBERT PRESTON

ELLEN DREW

in the Thrilling, Romantic, Hilarious Drama

THE NIGHT OF JANUARY 16th

A Paramount film

WARNING

Attention of the public is drawn to the fact that we are the Sole Agents in Bombay for the sale of Products produced by the CAWNPORE TEXTILES, THE ELGIN MILLS CO. LTD., CAWNPORE, THE BRUSHWARE LTD., CAWNPORE and THE NORTH WEST TANNERY, CAWNPORE and that we have no connection with any cloth dealer at MARKET. This notice has been necessitated by the signboards and advertisements put up by some cloth dealers which are likely to mislead the public into believing that they represent the said Cawnpore Mills or any one or more of them.

CAWNPORE MILLS DEPOT

By appointment to H. E. SIR ROGER LUMLEY, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay

IT'S ON .. ..

EVERYBODY'S LIPS.....

What is It that This Girl Has?

NOBODY KNOWS what is it - - but

EVERYBODY KNOWS — FEELS

THE SENSATION! - - - -

The Incomparable

Shanta Apte THRILL!

The BOMBAYITES will be thrilled—electrified to hear - - the melodies flow from her silverbelled voice in

CIRCO PRODUCTION PICTURE of and for the NATION

APNA GHAR

with

SHANTA APTE & CHANDRAMOHAN

MAYA BANNERJEE—JAGDISH—KUSUM DESHPANDE—NAYAMPALLY—JEEVAN—MADHUKAR GUPTE—NIMBALKAR— DAVID—GOPE—VIMLA VASHISHTA—BABY ASHOK KUMAR—MARUTIRAO PAHELWAN and others.

Directed by: DEBAKI BOSE

Music by M. C. BALI

From FRIDAY 13th Feb. 1942 At

EXCELSIOR AND KRISHNA

Bookings with FAMOUS FILM CIRCUIT Topiwalla 'B' Building 385, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

Telephone No. 22832 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Post Box 322 Registered No. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

CHIANG-KAI-SHEK'S MISSION

In welcoming Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek the Viceroy expressed the hope that through united efforts the Allies would "march together to the ultimate and inevitable victory." In his reply our distinguished guest shared the hope but added that "our common goal" was not merely "to defeat aggression" but also to "ensure victory for the Democratic Front." The Viceroy's not mentioning democracy as a common war aim and Chiang-Kai-Shek's emphasis on it, are not a matter of accident. They express varying points of view. As between India and Britain the difference is sharper, and so long as the conflict lasts, there cannot be perfect unity of efforts. If the first welcome had been made by an accredited representative of Indians, this conflict would have been specifically mentioned by him as the only obstacle standing in the way of complete unity. But in no sense can Lord Linlithgow be regarded as an accredited representative of the Indian people. He represents, first and foremost, British imperial interests in India, the very interests which have excluded India from the scope of the Atlantic Charter and which still deny her the freedom while calling upon her to bleed for other countries' freedom.

Freedom, First

The official communique about Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek's visit says that he has come "to consult with Government on matters of common concern to China and India" but that during his stay he hopes to find opportunities of meeting persons prominent in the public life of this country". In fact the Marshal himself made it quite clear that the object of his visit was to have a personal exchange of views with prominent men in Indian public life as well as the Viceroy and the members of his Government "in order to secure more united efforts against aggression" it is clear that military matters are not the only ones to be discussed and that Indian politics in general will be discussed, however, the idea originated And in this connection Pandit Jawaharlal's interview with the Marshal at the latter's request is significant. It is stated that the General proposes to move about in the country and several leaders. He will, it is almost certain, visit Sevagram and see Gandhiji. At the instance of the Viceroy or his own he will probably try to bring about a settlement between India and Britain. The leaders will, of course, impress upon him the country's point of view, which is also the Congress point of view that the people can co-operate with Government wholeheartedly only if they are made substantially free now and are definitely guaranteed complete freedom immediately after the war We dare say the Generalissimo of China loves freedom and democracy too much—for others as well as his country—not to appreciate India's standpoint. Else he would not have suggested in his first speech in India that the common goal for the Allies should be victory for democracy.

The Only Way

The question is not merely of a few leaders wishing wholeheartedly to co-operate with Government. They have got to persuade the people to make tremendous sacrifices. They cannot possibly do so unless the people are convinced that their sacrifices safeguard their country's freedom and do not merely make it safe for a fresh lease of British imperialism. The need for such a source of inspiration was recognised by Mr. Winston Churchill when he and President Roosevelt proclaimed the Atlantic Charter, promising freedom and self-determination to the countries under Fascist subjection. If, therefore, Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shaik has to attempt a settlement between India and Britain, he will have to strive a great deal more with the Viceroy than with Indian leaders. He has to see that the Atlantic Charter is immediately applied to India for the simple reason that India has been for too long under British subjection and cannot be stirred to nation-wide action, except by the life-giving force of freedom. He will thoroughly understand the Congress position if after a few personal interviews with different party leaders he meets Gandhiji and prominent Congress leaders simultaneously at Sevagram. If he can get the principle of the Congress demand accepted by Britain, Congress may be trusted to be accommodating enough about details. A settlement between India and Britain is easily the best way to retrieve the present gloomy position.

Lighting Restrictions

The Bombay Municipal Corporation had no difficulty in adopting without dissent the Congress Party's resolution requesting Government "so to regulate the administration of the A. R. P. restrictions regarding lighting as to avoid unnecessary hardships to citizens and to resort to prosecutions only in cases of deliberate disregard of instructions given from time to time." Opinions may vary on whether all the lighting restrictions now being imposed upon the city are really necessary. Mr. S. K. Patil, who moved the resolution, stated that he had it from those who had returned from Singapore and Rangoon that most of the air raids there and even on Manila were carried out either during daytime or in bright moonlight and that the lighting restrictions imposed were not one-tenth as severe as in Bombay city. However, if all the proposed restrictions are necessary in the city, let them be so enforced as to avoid unnecessary inconvenience to the people. Let not the A. R. P. men insist, as many of them do, on a greater degree of obscuration of lights than the rules require. In any case, let the rules be explained in the same way by all the A. R. P. men. At present there is complete confusion in the way these men explain the rules. Ignorant of the rules, as distinct from mere recommendations, many of these men vie with one another in erring more and more on the safe side, thereby causing unspeakable annoyance to the people. At present the people are most willing to co-operate and it is not wise to drive them into a spirit of hostility. It is necessary to institute a body of officials and non-officials to ensure full co-operation between Government and the people.

Important Chinese Success

The Generalissimo's forces in China have greeted their great leader's arrival in New Delhi with good news for him. A few days ago, the Japanese launched a counter-attack in South-Eastern China and succeeded in retaking the important towns of Waichow and Poklo. Within forty-eight hours, the Chinese counter-offensive had driven the Japanese from Waichow and also from Poklo. The Japanese achieved nothing for their pains and only suffered loss in men and material. Now they are again "on the run" in the direction of Canton. Whether they will seek to return again and receive more blows we do not know. But the fighting in the area is important because the Chinese are threatening both the Canton-Kowloon railway—that is, communications with Hong Kong—and Canton itself. The latest success of Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek's forces suggests that this threat is now growing more grave for the Japanese.

Frankly Speaking

A Week-End Lull

The week-end was marked by a lull in the Libyan situation except for patrol activities. The fact that British patrols were working west and south-west of Ghazala is noteworthy for it suggests that Ghazala still remains in British hands. But what next? Has General Rommel stopped of his own accord and, therefore, temporarily or has he been stopped by the British? The Cairo communique issued on Sunday spoke for the first time of a "front", a front about Ghazala. This would suggest that the Eighth Army had decided to make its stand there. If so, let us hope it succeeds. Meanwhile the Luftwaffe is reported to have attempted a minor raid on Alexandria after over two months, while the R. A. F. have raided the former's base near Athens. It is not impossible that the Germans may be planning to try as far as possible to restrict Admiral Cunningham's activities.

Gloomy Prospects

The British defenders of Singapore have unfortunately not succeeded in dealing effectively with the Japanese landing force. Indeed, the invaders have made still further progress forcing another withdrawal upon the defenders. They have also re-inforced their first contingents. This means that the preliminary and important round of the Battle of Singapore has gone to them, namely, that they have established a convenient and strong bridgehead and they cannot now be summarily thrown into the sea. The first round has been lost not because of the intense artillery preparation made by the Japanese nor because darkness helped them to land in force and outnumber the defenders in the area. It was lost mainly because of Singapore's disastrous weakness in the air. On Monday Japanese planes dive bombed and machine-gunned British forces and their defensive positions incessantly and literally at will. The defenders had to retire leaving the Japanese to consolidate and strengthen their bridgehead. Because of this lack of air support the second round becomes even harder than the first. The prospects of Singapore holding out for any appreciable length of time are now indubitably gloomy.

A Good Opportunity

So far as Japanese land and air activities are concerned, Burma has been quiet during the last few days. The Salween river is responsible for the lull in land operations and is all to the good because it gives the British more time to prepare their defence. In the air the Japanese have consistently suffered a chastening hammering at the hands of the splendid A. V. G. as also the R. A. F. They fight shy of raiding Rangoon. But they are also letting British aircraft carry out offensive sweeps without opposition. This has led to the suggestion that the Japanese air force is concentrating itself upon Singapore. If so, this is a great opportunity which British aircraft based in Burma should not miss.

Unconscionable Delay

On the 10th February 1942 was published the Government of India's Report on Education in India in 1937-38. This perhaps sets up a record in the belated publication of annual reports. Mr. John Sargent, Educational Commissioner with the Government of India, explains this unconscionable delay by saying: "During last year special calls, arising mainly out of the war, on the time of the staff of the department and on my own in particular have made this delay unavoidable." No one with a full sense of responsibility can regard the delay as inevitable. The war cannot cover every sin of omission and commission. If it were really necessary for officials of the Bureau of Education to be engaged on any war work, they should have been replaced by other men to carry on their normal work, Mr. Sargent complains of calls on his time during last year. The Report for 1937-38 might well have been published in the year before the last.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A wasted opportunity always comes home to roost.

* * *

The more some people get the more they want—except when they are handed a jail sentence.

* * *

Wise is the man who knows when to turn the other cheek and when to knock his opponent down.

* * *

Experience may be a great teacher, but a man's experience with a woman doesn't teach him sense.

* * *

Count 100 before speaking if you are angry, and if the other fellow is the bigger count 10,000.

Nothing pleases a woman more than the little attentions her husband shows her when other women are around.

DEVONSHIRE'S HALF-TRUTHS & UNTRUTHS

(BY S. SATYAMURTI M. L.A.)

The Duke of Devonshire is a minor deity at the India office, but he has out-Ameried Amery himself. Speaking in the House of Lords debate on India and the War, he distinguished himself by a number of statements, which are calculated more to hurt and irritate India, than to pacify her or make her take what they consider a proper attitude towards the war. In passing, it may be mentioned that it is a matter of some gratification that even in the reactionary House of Lords, there were found some members who understood the Indian point of view and boldly gave expression to the same. But those words seem to have fallen on deaf ears so far as the Duke of Devonshire was concerned.

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Some people are so blind and so deaf that nothing can disturb their blindness or deafness and, therefore, the Under-Secretary of State says that India was pulling her fullest weight in this war because forsooth India had under arms a million volunteer soldiers whose numbers were being augmented by about fifty-thousand each month. Considering the situation in the Pacific, in the Malay States, and in Burma, this seems to be a pitifully woeful reading of the whole situation. We want not one million but 5 millions, 10 millions of men, trained, well-armed and well-equipped to defend India and her Eastern and Western bastions as they are called and yet the Duke of Devonshire is very happy with himself at what India, according to him, is doing.

Then the Under-Secretary of State said that it was a mistake to suppose that India was governed by the India Office, and it was not the desire of the Government that it should be so governed. This is not correct. Even on the matter of starting an automobile factory, the India Office pulls the strings, and on almost every important matter the Government of India dare not move without the consent of the India Office. Quite happy with himself, the Under-Secretary says: "The issue is what Indian Government or Governments are to take over" and he insults the Congress Party when he says "that it claims that it represents all India, and it alone will become the heir and successor to the British Government in India." This is a false statement, and when the Under-Secretary of State knows it, and says it he is guilty of a grave wrong to the Congress and to India. If he does not know it, he does not deserve to be in that office. The Congress has claimed publicly more than once that the future Constitution of India will be decided by a Constituent Assembly elected by the people of India by adult suffrage, with representation to the minorities, through separate electorates. Surely this is not any claim by the Congress to be the sole heir and successor of the British Government in India. In any case, we do not want to be the heir and successor of the British Government with all their wrongs to India.

If it pleases the Under-Secretary of State and his friends to lay the flattering unction to their souls that the Muslim League is growing in power and influence and the power of the Congress Party is diminishing, they are welcome to do so, but the fact remains that the power of the Muslim League is not growing but, on the other hand, is going down. This is not to deny that the Muslim League is the most powerful Muslim organisation to-day, and secondly, the Muslim League is no more agreeable to the continuance of the present regime than the Congress is. As for the power of the Congress Party diminishing, the Duke of Devonshire is really making a statement which he ought to know is untrue. In the seven or eight provinces, where Congress Governments used to function and are not now functioning, it is open to him to order fresh elections, and he can see for himself whether the Congress party's power is diminishing or is increasing. I claim it is increasing.

★

Then he says that the Indian leaders have not secured agreement and have made no serious attempt to do so. Really the fault is that of the British Government. Sir Stafford Cripps says as much. Having foisted separate electorates upon us, and having practically said that unless the Muslim League and the Congress come to an understanding—there should be no political advance, the Government are happy. And although it may make some people angry, the fact of the matter is that the auhorities of the India Office and the British Government seem to be happy that they are secure in their places because the Hindus and the Muslims do not seem to agree for the present. Soon there will be a rude awakening! Then the Duke of Devonshire says: "We cannot compel the Congress Governments to resign, to resume office, or to compel the leaders to reach an agreement." Surely they can make it perfectly clear that they are fed up with the Advisors' Governments in the provinces, and now they want the Congress governments back in their places. They can persuade leaders to reach an agreement by saying that they shall not stand in the way of any agreement by insisting upon their vested interests or by encouraging one minority or another.

★

Then, as regards the difficulty in the expansion of the Indian Army, he says it has been solely due to the fact that there was shortage of technical materials and staff. Whose fault is this? It is now nearly two years and half since the war was declared. Had the British Government taken proper steps even after the declaration of the war, India would be able now to produce even as Australia, even as Canada, all the technical materials and staff for manning and arming 15 millions.

Then the Duke paid a high tribute to the work of the Roger Mission. One may ask, why was the report of that mission not published? He referred to the production of the steel and the production of garments. What about aeroplanes? What about tanks and what about automobiles?

Having indulged in these half-truths and untruths, the Duke of Devonshire came to the comfortable conclusion: "I do not pretend that there are no political difficulties in India, but I maintain that they have not materially or substantially affected the war effort. Where India's war contribution has fallen behind the maximum, it has been due to reasons quite unconnected with the political situation" He is wholly wrong. The war effort of India ought to have been much greater, considering the present situation, in the world, and especially near India, and it is not so great as it should have been mainly because leaders of thought and action in India have not been associated with the war effort, and India has not been assured that this is her war, and, therefore, she must defend herself. It is a common practice with these British politicians to exploit this sentiment: "All sections of Indian opinion are united in detestation of German and Japanese aggression and in their determination to withstand it." Yes, we want to withstand all German and Japanese aggression but we also want to withstand British Imperialism also, and the hopes of all sections of Indian opinion is that whenever the war ends, India's chains will at last be broken.

WALCHAND'S REJOINDER TO GOVERNMENT

How India Is Deprived Of Opportunity Of Developing Automobile Industry

Mr. Walchand Hirachand has issued the following statement:—

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. A. B. Latthe have already ably dealt with the Government Communique of January 30th last. The Pandit has emphasised how the proposed installation of an Automobile Plant in Sind knocks out all the objections raised by the Government against the Indian Automobile Scheme, particularly in regard to diversion of labour. The latter has pointed out how the Government of India "killed" the Scheme prior to the war, by refusing to give us any assurance regarding the Import duty on automobiles.

As regards the military objection to the introduction of a third type of vehicle, I have to say that it is again—to use a mild phrase—most unconvincing. It is understood that the Government of India have been recently supplied 2,400 left hand driven lorries of a third different make and 350 lorries of Dodge make and some of a still another make totalling in all five different makes. One does not know how the Military Department will arrange to carry spare parts required for all these new types of cars supplied of different makes. But they cannot make arrangements to carry spares in the case of Indian made cars.

In this connection, I would like to add that in one of my interviews with the Head of the Military Department about 12 months ago, I made an offer to carry all spare parts of the Indian made cars that I could supply. I repeated this offer in the middle of 1941 in one of my interviews with the Military Department. The Authorities seem to have not at all considered this.

I have given the Government in my letter dated January 7 1941 with its enclosures full particulars and programme of the promoters. I have also made it clear that it is the primary intention of the promoters to establish immediately a manufacturing factory and not an assembly plant in India.

The excuses advanced by the Government against this project cannot bear any scrutiny. It is a pity that the Expanded Executive Council were not able to check this scandal. I may be doing them injustice, if the matter had not at all been brought before the Executive Council for decision, and if the matter has been disposed of by the Viceroy in conjunction with the Member-in-charge. But I take the risk in saying that the Expanded Executive Council and the National Defence Council have failed to check this great scandal of placing orders worth about 40 to 50 crores of rupees with foreigners, in spite of the fact that a group of the Indian Industrialists were knocking at the doors of the Central Government for assistance which in its final form did not cost them anything for the last 3 or 4 years to start the industry. The net result of the situation is, India goes without this key industry, because a foreign Viceroy and his nominated Councillors constituting an unrepresentative Government have chosen to deny this country opportunities to develop key industries. It is a black chapter in the history of Indian Industrialisation, thanks to the unsympathetic attitude of the Government.

I take this opportunity to thank the great public and the entire Indian Press in particular for all the assistance and sympathy they had extended to have the Automobile Manufacturing Industry for the Nation in India by Indians.

DIPLOMA IN MILITARY STUDIES

Bombay University Senate Accepts Govt.'s Terms

In pursuance of a suggestion made by the Government of Bombay, the Bombay University Senate at its resumed sitting on Tuesday agreed to the amendment of a proposed statute, which, will "place the University in a position to start the course in Military Studies as soon as conditions permit."

Govt.'s Terms

It may be recalled here that in August, 1940, the Senate had resolved to institute a Diploma in Military Studies in the Bombay University and had approached the Governor-Chancellor for sanction. The Government had at first cold-shouldered the proposal. The Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Educational Department wrote to the Vice-Chancellor on the 13th of last month informing him that the Government of India had under consideration a scheme for the improvement of training given to the members of the University Corps, that the Government of India desired that the Diploma in Military Studies, which the University proposed to institute should be granted only to candidates who had gone through the U. T. C. courses and obtained recognised certificates and that the holders of these certificates "should be entitled to selection for training for Commissions in the officer rank or for direct Viceroy's Commissions, provided they are otherwise suitable in all other respects, and to be granted a reduction in the length of their course at an Officer's Training School which would, in effect, give them seniority over those who do not possess such certificates."

The Secretary's letter also pointed out difficulties in the way of starting the course immediately, but at the same time stated that His Excellency the Chancellor was prepared to sanction the Statute for instituting a Diploma in Military Studies, if it was so amended as to prescribe the necessity of obtaining the U. T. C. certificates.

Dr. B. G. Vad, in moving the proposed amendment intended to give effect to the above suggestion revealed how the matter had been taken up by some members of the Defence Council. It was urged on the Government that it should not only grant facilities for the Bombay University scheme but should encourage other Universities to follow suit. Government had, therefore, decided that the U. T. C examinations now conducted by the University should be taken over by the Defence Department. A person taking the two certificates A and B in this new course would be entitled to direct recruitment to the Viceroy's Commission and get a certain amount of antedate for the King's Commission.

Meanwhile the University had sent a Committee to Mhow and the Officers' Training School had agreed to give facilities for training. The suggestion made by the Chancellor amounted to an admission of the higher status of the University Diploma.

Dr. Vad's proposal was opposed by Mr. B. N. Gokhale on the ground that the obtaining of two certificates, the examinations for which would not be under the control of the University, should not be made a condition for admission to a University Corps.

The proposal was, however, carried by a large majority.

POONA COLLEGE

Earlier in the day the Senate referred back to the Syndicate the question of recommending the affiliation of the Poona College proposed to be started at Poona, for the first year and Inter Arts examinations.

Moulvi M. Y. Haindaday moved as recommended by the Syndicate that the new college may be affiliated for two years, subject to certain conditions. It is understood that the new college was intended to be a tutorial college with resident, professors and run along the lines of English public schools.

Five different amendments had been put down on the agenda by various members.

The motion for reference back was carried by 51 votes against 18.

OTHER COLLEGES

The Senate, however, recommended the affiliation of the Podar College of Commerce, Bombay, for the B. Com. course for two years and a Commerce college proposed to be started in Baroda for the First Year and Inter Commerce examinations.

The Senate also sanctioned several supplementary grants.

The Senate also agreed to a continuation for three years from 1941 of the grant made to the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, subject to a maximum of Rs. 3,500 a year.

The Senate accepted with thanks the offer of Rs. 10,000 made by Mrs. G. K. Kanga for founding a scholarship in the name of Mr. Gussie K. Kanga, to be awarded annually to the candidate, who obtains the highest number of marks in the paper on the Law of Contracts at the Second LL.B. examination.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NEW YORK, February 9.

The Chairman of the Indian Purchasing Commission in America, Sir Shanmukham Chetty said, "Large quantities" of supplies are being shipped to India despite the war, including planes, tanks, lorries, materials for ordnance factories, chemicals, etc.

After his arrival Sir Shanmukham Chetty, visited President Roosevelt who was enthusast about India's war effort and the valour of Indian troops.—Reuter.

* * *

Welcoming China's Generalissimo and Madame Chiang, Lord Linlithgow hoped that their visit would mark a turning point in history.

It would should it result in a "turning" point for Britain from—we mean in her relations with India.

* * *

The Viceroy, we note, waxed rather emotional. Indeed, he allowed himself to be carried away so far into the realms of reality as very nearly to proclaim that

(1) China led the fight against aggression.

(2) It was Britain which later joined China and not the patronising vice versa and that

(3) China was giving the British mighty aid and assistance.

* * * *

We congratulate the Viceroy on this realism.

But we must confess to a sense of deep embarrassement at another emotional flight of his Excellency during which he almost adopted India and the Indian nation as his own.

* * *

A New Delhi message reports that Lord and Lady Linlithgow paid a return visit to Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-Shek.

What we want to know is whether Their Excellencies had gone to the "Ceremonial Station" to receive the Distinguished visitors. And if not, why not?

* * *

The Muslim League Party in the Central Assembly has decided to oppose Mr. Joshi's resolution together with all amendments thereto. It has also decided to move no amendment of its own.

All of which fails to surprise us in the least.

The Muslim League owes it to himself—pardon, to itself to reject a National Government for India on any condition whatsoever.

* * *

Here are two items which you can read together for your instruction or at least edification:—

(1)

"Have we 'already been promised' as you say in your leading article, the right to decide our own constitution? Would the Prime Minister say this without modification?"

—Mr. C. Rajagopalachari's letter to the 'Times of India.'

And Now (2)

"Mr. Rajagopalachari wishes Mr. Churchill to repeat the pledges made by Mr. Amery and Lord Linlithgow, with this proposal we are in agreement."

—The "Times of India" in reply to C.P.

Isn't our contemporary's interpretation of what Mr. C Rajagopalachari says most edifying?

But if it makes you wonder whether this is an instance of the much vaunted ethics of British journalism, please don't let it

* * *

Darkness Helps Enemy Landing—Singapore Report.

Naturally, the enemy being one of its three most important representatives.

* * *

"I can't understand why I did't get that job," said Betty.

"Well, what did the manager ask you?" inquired her friend.

"He asked if my punctuation was good."

"And what did you say?"

"I said I'd never been late for work in my life."

S. S. "Normandie" Rolls On Side After Mysterious Blaze

2,000 WORKMEN ABOARD FRENCH LUXURY LINER BERTHED AT HUDSON RIVER

Dense Clouds Of Smoke Foil Fire-Fighters As Blaze Spreads From Promenade To Deck And Engulfs Entire Ship

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

A fire has broken out on the former French liner "Normandie" berthed at the Hudson River Pier

A fire broke out at 6 p.m. aboard the former French liner "Normandie" which was berthed at the Hudson River pier.

The outbreak started on the promenade deck and within 30 minutes swept along the main deck.

The entire upper deck then became ablaze and dense clouds of smoke rolled across New York dock area.

Fireboats, police launches, emergency squads reached to the scene.

The blaze was visible in Jersey across the Hudson. It is estimated that 2,500 workmen were aboard when the blaze started but it is believed that most of them escaped down ladders from the bow.

It was later reported that 200 were trapped below decks and another score treated for burns at emergency hospital established on the pier.

It was reported at 9 p. m. that the fire was still bruning fiercely.

Naval men said that 200 Coast Guardsmen, 400 sailors and 1,500 civilians were aboard when the fire started.

Most of them escaped.

According to Police Commissioner, Lewis Valentine, 72 persons have been admitted to hospital as a result of injuries sustained aboard the "Normandie"; 93 others were treated on the spot for superficial injuries.

The third naval district has authorised the publication of a statement by a carpenter named Edward Sullivan saying that the fire started when some inflammable material on promenade deck amidships was ignited.

Spreading rapidly the blaze crippled the lighting system making it difficult for men below to find their way off the fire.

The Commandant of the naval district after a tour of inspection expressed the belief that the fire was not started by saboteurs.

"From best information I have now the fire began in the lounge on the promenade deck where a spark from an acetylene torch struck a life belt filled with kalok.

The fire spread rapidly and materials on the ship burned like powder."

He said that he did not believe any men working below decks had been trapped as at first feared.

Two hours after the fire had broken out a naval officer expressed the fear that she would capsize because of the amount of water being poured into her. He asked firemen to cut holes in her sides above the water line to allow the water escape.

Father William MacDonald of Saint Pauls Catholic Church said that he had administered the last rites to least 40 men.

Another priest is also working with him within the pier precincts.

Smoke completely enveloped the vessel hindering the work of firefighters both from the waterfront and from the fireboats. Dozens of fireboats and tugs sprayed steady streams of water upon the liner.

Although earlier reports to the effect that 200 of the workmen on board had been trapped below decks are now believed to be unfounded a heavy toll of life is feared

The "Normandie" was laid up on September 3, 1939 and had been rusting at the pier for two-and-half years before the United States Government seized her.

Coast Guards boarded her on May 15 1941 and placed a protective guard aboard to prevent sabotage. On December 12, 1941 Coast Guards removed the French crew and the navy took over the ship.

Warehousemen removed over two million dollars worth of art objects.—Reuter.

END OF "NORMANDIE"

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.

The "Normandie" rolled on its side at 5 a. m. on Tuesday.—Reuter.

HIGH TIDE CAUSES TOPPLING OVER

NEW YORK:—The incoming high tide caused the "Normandie" to topple over on to side at 6-45 G.M.T., on Tuesday. There was a gentle roll with a crunching noise as the liner struck the ice-coated surface of the water. The fire got under control at 20-10 on Monday.

915 ITALIANS KILLED IN LIBYA LAST MONTH

Several Thousands Wounded & Missing In Russsia, Greece & Albania

ROME, Feb. 10.

Italian casualties in Libya during January are given as 915 killed, 1,760 wounded and 7,279 missing and prisoners of war in the official casualty list published here on Monday night.

These figures, it states, do not include garrison at Bardia and Sollum.

Losses on other fronts are given as:—

RUSSIA: Killed 181, Wounded 674, Missing 27.

GREECE AND ALBANIA: Killed or died from wounds 365, Wounded 272.

NAVY: Killed 80, Wounded 316.

AIRFORCE: Killed 58, Wounded 57, Missing 25.—Reuter.

CHINESE RETAKE WAICHOW

CHUNGKING:— The Chinese counter-offensive in the Canton area has resulted in the recapture of Waichow and Poklo and is keeping the Japanese "on the run" in the direction of the Canton.

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For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

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MINISTRY OF PRODUCTION

Churchill Explains Functions Of Lord Beaverbrook

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The Prime Minister to-day outlined to the House of Commons the functions of the new Ministry of Production, whose head, Lord Beaverbrook, would, he said, be in a position similar to that occupied by Mr. Donald Nelson, now in charge of the whole sphere of American production.

After tracing the growth of the administration of various Supply Departments in Britain since the outbreak of war to the appointment of Lord Beaverbrook to the double office of Minister of Aircraft Production and Minister of Supply, compromising four-fifths of the entire field of war production, Mr. Churchill said he had made arrangement in January, 1941, whereby the three Supply Departments, the Ministry of Supply, the Ministry of Aircraft Production and the Controller's Department of the Admiralty, remained separate and independent but were grouped together for common purposes by a production executive, over which the Minister for Labour presided

CAUSE FOR DECISION

Continuing he said: "The entry of the United States into the war, the far-reaching measures for the pooling of Anglo-American resources and the appointment of Mr. Donald Nelson over the whole sphere of American production has created entirely a new situation. Lord Beaverbrook has established very close and intimate connections with the chiefs of American production. He enjoys the confidence and goodwill of the President. In shaping the new organisation it was natural that he should be the British representative in the various pooling arrangements. It follows from this quite naturally that he should be put into a position, broadly speaking, similar to that occupied by Mr. Donald Nelson and that someone should be able to speak to the United States representing British production as a whole.

"I found myself, therefore, drawn to these conclusions before I left America that there should be a Minister of Production and that Lord Beaverbrook should be that Minister. I am very much fortified on the general question by the undoubted wish of the House and of the Press that such an officer and such an office should be created and I have accordingly taken all the necessary steps to bring the policy into effect".

Mr. Churchill explained that the Departments retained their separate indentities under their respective chiefs.

WIDE POWERS

In the War Cabinet the Minister, Lord Beaverbrook, would exercise general supervision and guidance over them and would concert and co-ordinate their actions. Moreover the Controller's Department of the Admiralty would come within the scope of the new office except in so far as warship design and fixing of naval programmes were concerned. In addition certain productive or distributive functions exercised by the Board of Trade and by the Ministry of Works and Buildings were also brought within the scope of the Ministry of Production.

After stating that a White Paper setting forth the scope and powers of the new office with more precise details would be issued later, Mr. Churchill said he hoped the scheme would be given a fair trial by all concerned.

THE WHITE PAPER

A White Paper about the New Ministry of Production issued this afternoon says that subject to the general direction of the Minister of Production, all common services in the field of production will continue to be administered by the Department at present responsible for them. These common services include controls administered by the Minister of Supply and Minister of Aircraft Production to which, however, the Minister of Production will have direct access. The allocation of industrial capacity—except shipyards and machine tools and all raw materials—will be under the direct authority of the Minister of Production. These allocations will cover the requirements of all Government Departments.

LABOUR MINISTER

The Minister of Labour will, in future, under the general authority of the War Cabinet, discharge functions hitherto performed by the Production Executive as regards manpower and Labour. One task of this Minister will be to bring to notice any directions in which greater economy and use of manpower could be effected. The Minister of Production and the Minister of Labour will settle all labour questions between the Production Departments and the Ministry of Labour.

ADMIRALTY'S FUNCTION

The Board of Admiralty will continue to have charge of design, construction and armament of all naval vessels and naval defence programmes subject only to the approval of the Minister of Defence (Mr. Churchill) and the War Cabinet.

The Admiralty will also remain responsible for construction, repair and defensive equipment of merchant vessels, but will be advised by the Ministers of Production and War Transport about types of merchant vessels to be constructed.

Apart from these, naval and merchant shipbuilding programmes will be subject to the general co-ordination function of the Minister of Production, who will also provide the needs of production for which the Board of Trade is responsible—in particular electricity.

The Minister of Production will also supervise the allocation of oil productions.

The Minister of Supply will answer for the Minister of Production in the House of Commons over the whole range of responsibility.—Reuter.

Cutch Ruler's Mission To Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT: February 10.

Shri Bharmalji, Maharao of Cutch, accompanied by the Dewan, Mr. Webb, arrived here to-day noon. The Maharao was received by the President and driven to the Residency, where he spent two hours and left for Jamnagar.

Enquiries about the Maharao's mission to Rajkot reveal that his arrival was on his Investiture issue and on the question of the continuance of Diwan Webb.

NEW JAPANESE DRIVE

(Continued from Page 1)

Straits near the Borneo coast. The destroyers turned towards it. As they approached they spotted a line of three Japanese destroyers behind the cruiser, then another cruiser and finally two more destroyers.

On the shore side of the warships were a number of Japanese transports laden with troops and equipment. The Japanese warships swung completely round and chased the American destroyers northwards, leaving the transports they were protecting completely uncovered.

As the pursuit continued through the night the Americans ran into a rainstorm which made visibility exceptionally bad. All the four immediately executed a complete about-turn and steamed back south.

AMERICAN ATTACK

The American destroyers immediately closed with the enemy steaming full speed ahead at the middle of the line. By then darkness had fallen. The destroyers broke through the line firing furiously at the Japanese warships. Then they swung north and raced between the two lines of the Japanese ships, but going in opposite direction. The Japanese failed to see them turn and continued their course.

Thus the Americans were able to come down in full force on the unprotected Japanese transports. They made full use of their hard-won advantage sinking several. They had completed their work and returned to their base before the Japanese warships found out what had happened. The American destroyers emerged from the action almost unscathed.

Circle Litteraire

Mr. Goosse, Consul-General for Belgium, presiding over the prize distribution function conducted by Circle Litteraire at the 'Greens' on Tuesday evening spoke on the importance of the study of French literature and French culture. Though he is a Belgian, he said, he has great love for French literature.

Mmle Effie D'Souza, Hariharam and M. Jehangir Ardeshir Irani were awarded prizes for securing highest number of marks in French in B.A., Inter-Arts and Matriculation exams. respectively.

Among the distinguished guests present were the Consul for Iraq and Consul for Persia.

Mr. P. J. Bahadurji, Hon. Secretary of the Institute, offered a vote of thanks.

Kamaladevi In City

Mrs. Kamaladevi will be arriving in the City to-day by Peshawar Express and will proceed in the evening to Dharwar where a meeting of the representatives of district branches of the All-India Women's Conference in Karnatak will be held on the 15th instant to consider among other items the selection of candidates from Karnatak for the All-India Women's Training Camp at Surat and ways and means of implementing women workers' training scheme. Mrs. Kamaladevi is member from Karnatak on the Standing Committee of the A.-I. Women's Conference.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Lumley attended the Annual Parade of the Bombay City Police at Naigaum. Lady Lumley entertained the Members of the Bombay City Committee of the 'Women of India' "Silver Trinket Fund" to tea at Government House. The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley gave a small farewell Dinner Party for the Commissioner of Police and Mrs. W. R. G. Smith at Government House.

VICEROY'S TRIBUTE TO GENERALISSIMO

(Continued frog Page 1)

to-night of two leaders of China's fight for freedom.

Ladies and gentlemen, I propose the health of Their Excellencies Generalissimo and Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek.—

UNITY DID IT, SAYS CHIANG

The following is the Generalissimo's reply to the Viceroy:—

"Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,—Your Excellency has done Madame Chiang and myself a signal honour, which we deeply appreciate. You have been very generous in your praise of our personal endeavours. In those nearly five strenuous years, of which you have spoken, our contribution has not been as great as we wished. It is the united people of China, who true to their ideals, have borne the brunt of the battle for democracy. Since Japan's first invasion of Chinese soil, they have been rising together to higher heights of philosophy, patriotism, unselfishness, courage, endurance and generosity with but one aim. Out of the agonizing sufferings and losses that have been inflicted upon us, there shall arise a new world in which men and women can live in peace and happiness.

IMPRESSED BY VISIT

Since the outbreak of the Pacific war, China and India have been drawn closer together. In the midst of the trial of war, I have availed myself of the first opportunity to visit India, our ally, in order to get better acquainted with her potentialities and the possibility of her contribution to the joint cause. I am glad that I have come and have learned much during my short stay here. We have a Chinese saying: "To have one look at things is a hundred times more satisfactory than hearsay." I am truly impressed with the greatness of India.

Your Excellency, it is a great pleasure for us to meet you and know you. Your knowledge of Indian affairs is extensive, and your statesmanship is profound. You have made me feel that I may draw without stint upon the richness of your wisdom. Your Excellency, Lady Linlithgow, your unbounded interest in social work was known to us before our visit. We should like to convey to you our sincere esteem.

You have spoken of the Prime Minister of Great Britain, Mr. Churchill. Since this great leader assumed office, I have been in as close personal touch as the distance which lies between him and me has permitted, and I have found in him stimulation and encouragement.

DUTY OF ALLY

Your Excellency has spoken of the presence of Chinese troops in Burma. When I saw Gen. Sir Archibald Wavell in Chungking, I told him that he could count on China's co-operation and assistance in joint resistance against aggression. I have done my best to make this promise good. This is no merit. It is the duty of one ally to another.

Ladies and Gentlemen, I now have the honour to propose the health of Their Excellencies, the Viceroy and Lady Linlithgow."—A. P.

District Drive To Break Traders' Hartal

Fate Of Congress Adjournment In Punjab Assembly

LAHORE, FEB. 10.

A campaign to allay misconceptions with regard to the provisions of the General Sales Tax Act has been launched by the district authorities in Lahore. It is understood that all those who are exempt from Sales Tax will be granted certificates showing that they are exempt. In addition handbills displaying "Exempted from Sales Tax" will be posted at the doors of such shops.

Mr. K. H. Henderson, District Magistrate, Lahore, at a Press Conference explained that most of the shopkeepers, who were exempted from the Sales Tax, had been misled by their leaders with the result that they had also closed their shops.

Mr. Henderson held out an assurance to the traders that there would be no harassment while assessing the turnover.

Adjournment Lost In Assembly

The Congress Party's Adjournment motion moved by Diwan Chamanlal (Congress) to discuss the indiscriminate lathi charge made yesterday by the police in Lahore Cantonment" was defeated in the Punjab Assembly by 75 votes to 43.

Speaking on the debate, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan said that he was sorry to learn that the police had to resort to Lathi charge He made it clear that the Ministry was concerned with laying down the policy and not with executive details. Government, however, issued instructions to the police not to resort to the use of force but whenever necessary the minimum force should be used. Government he added, would not interfere with the discretion of the district authorities.

The Premier felt certain that Mahatma Gandhi would not approve Satyagraha by the traders on a matter which touched their pocket.

"END THIS BRUTALITY"

Moving the motion Diwan Chamanlal said that traders could not be cowed down by intimidation and coercion. He said that a batch of six Satyagrahis started in a procession from the office of the local Beopar Mandal in Lahore Cantonment yesterday. They did not show the slightest signs of violence but were beaten by the police with lathis and rendered unconscious. He read out the medical report of the injuries sustained by six Satyagrahis and appealed to the Premier to issue instructions to end this brutality He also urged that an enquiry should be held in the conduct of the police officer who ordered the Lathi charge should be also appropriately dealt with, if found guilty of dereliction of duty.

'POLICE' MINISTER'S VERSION

Major Khizar Hyat Khan, Minister for Public Works and Police, explaining the facts of the incidents said that 150 persons accompanied five Satyagrahis in the form of a procession. An attempt was made by the Assistant Superintendent of Police to disperse the crowd, but when they failed to do so a mild Lathi charge was made. Nobody was injured.—A.P.

PEACE MOVE TO END TRADERS HARTAL

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, Feb 10.

Peace move to end the commercial deadlock is afoot

Prominent leaders of different parties in the Punjab Assembly met the Premier and the Be[illegible] Mandal leaders in Assembly Chambers this morning The Premier's speech on this adjournment motion in the Assembly yesterday is considered to be conciliatory.

The Beopar Mandal's representatives met the Congress leaders of the Assembly party.

ANOTHER LATHI CHARGE IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Feb. 10.

The police made a mild lathi charge to-day on trade. Satyagrahis at Lahore Cantonment and Ramgarh as a result of which twelve volunteers were injured. No arrest has been made.—United Press.

121 SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED

LAHORE, Feb. 10.

121 traders were arrested to-day while taking out a procession in defiance of the Defence of India Rules, bringing the total number of arrests in Lahore to 486. The Satyagrahis, who included three boys, marched in a procession from the office of the Punjab "Beopar Mandal" when it reached Anarkali Bazar, a police force took into custody 121 Satyagrahis and removed them to the Central Jail.—A. P.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION LOST

LAHORE, Feb. 10.

The Congress Party's Adjournment motion moved by Diwan Chamanlal (Congress) to discuss the "indiscriminate lathi charge made yesterday by the police in Lahore Cantonment" was defeated in the Punjab Assembly by 75 votes to 43.—A. P.

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY BUDGET SESSION OPENS TO-DAY

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

The Budget session of the Central Assembly will begin tomorrow at 2-30 in the afternoon instead of at 11 a.m. in view of an important engagement which the President and members are to attend.—A. P.

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

For Safety's Sake...

LET YOUR WARDEN HELP YOU

OF all the people who form Bombay's large organization of A.R.P. workers none is more important to you than the Warden who has been appointed to the neighbourhood in which you live. Your Warden is doing his utmost to deal with the multitudinous A.R.P. problems in your part of the City, but if he has not been able to call at your house yet, you must, for your safety's sake, lighten his huge task by taking the trouble to visit him.*

YOUR WARDEN'S JOB

Your Warden has several hundred people to look after—including you and your family. His job is to advise and help you in every way he can in A.R.P. matters. He is not a new sort of policeman appointed to make trouble for you for infringing regulations. On the contrary, he is a FRIEND anxious to teach you how to use the civil defences of your City and to avoid injury to yourself and your family. He is trained in all aspects of A.R.P. so that you may benefit by his special knowledge NOW, and he is the man of course who, during a raid, will be your link with all the A.R.P. Services devised for your help and protection.

HOW TO USE YOUR WARDEN

Everyone will have different questions to ask his Warden, but here are a few important points on which you should promptly seek his advice:

A REFUGE ROOM

Every house in Bombay is being visited in accordance with Government's declared plans, to advise occupants as to which is the safest room to go to in the event of a raid. The task is so enormous that they may not get to you for many weeks. In the meantime your Warden will tell you how best to take shelter at home. Instructions are being issued to help you make ground floors still safer with sandbag walls.

WHAT TO DO WHEN THE WARNING SOUNDS

In addition to taking shelter there are a number of things you must do to ensure the safety of your house, or office. Your Warden will tell you exactly what precautions you should take.

ASSISTING THE BLACKOUT

The Blackout may be a nuisance, but it is essential for your safety. Each household has its special problems in regard to the shading of lights or screening of windows. If you are in difficulties ask your Warden.

JOINING THE A.R.P.

An unlimited number of courageous men and women are still wanted to swell the ranks of the A.R.P. Services. Many people feel the urge to join in this unselfish work—but they do not know how to go about it. The answer is: TELL YOUR WARDEN. He knows what jobs there are and will send in your application.

Post Script

Your Warden is ready to help *you*, but in some matters he also wants you to help *him*. Going to him rather than waiting for him to come to you is one way in which he needs your help, now that the War has come closer. He may also ask your willing co-operation in regard to precautions which you cannot see the point of, but which are important. So the motto to adopt and remember is—

***HELP YOUR WARDEN TO HELP YOU!**

Meet him at your nearest Warden Post between 6.0 & 9.0 p.m. any evening.

This sign is prominently displayed somewhere in your locality. Look for it! This is your Warden's Post. He will be here during a raid if ever one occurs.

Published for the information of the citizens of Bombay by the Government of Bombay.

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

MUNICIPAL BY-ELECTION

Keen Contest For Seat

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Twentysix per cent of civic voters which is a record percentage in a Municipal by-election of Bombay, exercised their franchise at the Municipal by-election for the Girgaum Chowpatty Ward today. The contest was between Mr. Nagindas T. Master Congress nominee and Mr. Keshav B. Joshi, candidate of the Hindu Mahasabha.

The total number of votes polled was in the neighbourhood of 4,200 out of about 16,000 for the whole Ward. The contest was very keen till the end and the general impression gathered at the polling booth was that the winner would have a narrow margin of 150 or 200 votes.

Congress circles claim that during the last 1 1/2 hours, polling was more in favour of Mr. Nagindas T. Master and that he has a fair chance of winning by a margin of about a hundred votes.

Polling commenced at 8-10 a. m. and closed at 7-10 p. m. There were noisy demonstrations by Hindu Mahasabha's supporters at the close of the day. As at all elections there were attempts at impersonation and six persons were arrested during the day for alleged impersonation.

Elaborate arrangements were made to facilitate voting, the booth being divided into different sections for voters of different communities. Owing to restrictions on conveyance facilities, the usual bustle associated with keenly contested elections was lacking. A few buses of the B.E.S.T., and taxis rushed to and fro from an early hour carrying voters to the booth.

Volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal, National Guards, Deval Dal and Kapad Bazar Volunteers Corps were posted on behalf of the Congress candidate while the Hindu Sabha volunteers worked for Mr. Joshi.

The counting of votes will take place at the Corporation Hall at 11 a. m.

CERTIFICATES OF MERIT IN PLACE OF TROPHIES

A Welcome Move

Presiding at the first annual athletic meeting of the Children's Academy School held at the Wilson College Gymkhana ground on Thursday, Mr. A. F. S. Talyarkhan congratulated the school for having taken the advice he had given them a year ago to scrap all individual trophies and said that Indian schools taken as a whole could put the money thus saved to far better use for sport, by the purchase of necessary equipment and payment for other facilities due to the lack of which sport in Indian schools was at a low level. He said that it was a memorable occasion that a school had at last come forward to support this saving scheme and he hoped that those who had won the certificates of merit on that day would realise that it was the race that mattered and not the prize. He hoped that parents would also realise the infinite good that would come out of encouragement to such an ideal, as it was unfortunate that Indian sportswomen and sportsmen still appeared to value the glittering trophy above all else. He also stressed the value of athletic games, saying that it was in this arena that the Indian girl was coming out into the open more and more and he hoped and felt that athletics would soon afford Indian girls the sporting platform they so badly needed and without the full development of which facility the sport of the country—on a national basis—could never fully mature.

Leela Chitnis Returns After Holiday

Miss Leela Chitnis, the film star, has sent the following statement:—

"I crave the indulgence of the Press to convey to the public my sincere thanks for their kind thoughts for me during the past week, when I understand, wild rumours prevailed concerning my health. I have just returned from a happy holiday in Gwalior and am glad to assure all friends that I have been in the best of health. I do hope these rumours will now cease."

JAIN LEADER DEAD
(From A Correspondent)

SURAT: February 10.

Brahmachari Sital Prasadji, well-known Jain leader, expired to-day morning at Lucknow at the age of 64. He edited "Jain Mitra" for 30 years and wrote about hundred books on Jainism. He went on a preaching mission to Burma and Ceylon. He succumbed to an attack of paralysis.

Septic Germs Lurk Everywhere

The Least Scratch will let them in!

But no germ can get into a scratch when you apply Cuticura Ointment. No germ can live in contact with Cuticura. It gives you the protection of soothing, medicinal and antiseptic properties which have made Cuticura Ointment world-famed for its unfailing success in relieving itching, smarting and inflammation, and in clearing the skin of stubborn, disfiguring eruptions.

A touch of Cuticura Keeps Germs Out!

Cuticura Ointment is equally successful when used for **Pimples, Boils, Dhobi Itch, Inflamed Rashes and Chronic Itching Eruptions.** It quickly stops Itching and Smarting Pain and soon Clears the Skin.

NOTE Skin sufferers should use only Cuticura Soap in the bath and for washing. It has wonderful soothing and emollient properties which are highly beneficial to the skin and complexion.

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

Sample of Cuticura Ointment, Soap and Talcum sent on receipt of 3 annas. Address: Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.

14A

SOOTHES AND CLEARS THE SKIN

JAMMI'S Only Liver-Cure CAN CURE THIS!

Surest and safest remedy known for Infantile Cirrhosis of the Liver

Sold everywhere or write to:-
JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS
1/1, Brodies Road, Mylapore, Madras.
Also Bombay, Calcutta, Lucknow, Bangalore & Trichinopoly.

Bombay Office:— Sandhurst Road West.
PAREKH MANSION, Phone: 41593. 'Grams: "Livercure."

Advance Village Industries

New Board Of Management Provides For Provincial Organisations

WARDHA, Feb. 10.

In order to facilitate the spreading of the work of the All-India Village Industries Association in the various provinces, a new constitution has been drafted so as to provide for the provincial organisations working under "Sanchalaks" and Secretaries. The new Board of management of the A. I. V. I. A. consists of the following members with Mahatma Gandhi as President:—

Messrs. Laxmidas Aashar Shankarlal Banker, Sri Srikrishnadas Jaju (Treasurer), Bharatan Kumarappa (Assistant Secretary), J. C. Kumarappa (Secretary), Valkunthral L. Mehta, Dhiren Mozumdar, Sivji Vallabhadas, Jairamdas Daulatram, Prafulla Chandra Ghose and Srimathi Goshiben Captain.

The board met recently and framed rules for affiliating allied institutions for recognizing producing centres and for certifying dealers in village products.

In view of the fact that most of the village tanned leather is from non-slaughtered animals, it decided to give the support of the Association to the village tanning industry by confining sales of leather goods at shops—certified by the Association to those made out of the hide of non-slaughtered buffaloes, cows and bullocks.—A. P.

"GLORIOUS LIFE OF SIR A HYDARI"

Islamic Research Association's Tributes

Glowing tributes were paid to the memory of the late Sir Akbar Hydari at a condolence meeting held under the auspices of the Islamic Research Association at the Town Hall, Bombay, on Tuesday evening. Principal A. A. A. Fyzee, presided and the meeting was attended by a cosmopolitan gathering. Madame Sophia Wadia speaking at the meeting said that Sir Akbar made no distinctions between castes and creeds. He was indeed a champion of communal unity in this country.

"Let us erect a living monument in our own consciousnesses by resolving to imitate his glorious life", she concluded.

Mr. Faiz Tybjee, speaking next gave his reminiscences of the late Sir Akbar, who was a cousin of the speaker. Though his father was a small man Sir Akbar who began his earning life at the age of 19 even at that tender age showed signs of promise. What struck the speaker most about Sir Akbar was his extraordinary magnificence of heart.

Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, alluded to the cultural aspect of Sir Akbar's life and said that he was a great lover of pictures and works of art. The pictures of the Ajanta caves which he presented to the Prince of Wales Museum, Bombay, when the speaker was the President of its board of trustees, were he said a monument of the cultural aspect of Sir Akbar's life.

The Rev. Fr. Heras addressing the meeting said that Sir Akbar was a great educationist and one of the noblest, alumni of St. Xavier's College.

Mr. Frank Moraes, recalling his contacts with Sir Akbar said that in spite of his age Sir Akbar was full of a very youthful spirit. His genial manner and his friendly twinkling eyes put anyone who approached him at ease.

It could be said of him that a great Muslim administrator was responsible for preserving fragments of a very ancient and great Hindu culture in the Ajanta caves.

At the end of the meeting a condolence resolution was passed all those who were present standing.

Tagore Society Of Bombay

A meeting of the provisional committee of the Tagore Society of Bombay held recently under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. Justice Sen, unanimously decided to accept the ideals and objects of 'Visva-Bharati' and to form a local centre in Bombay for the propagation of those ideals among the people of Bombay. The Society has also as its object the organising of a club room with a suitable building, where the members can regularly meet and come in personal contact with one another on a basis of a common-fellowship and common cultural ideal as taught by the great poet.

The committee further decided to enrol members for the Society with a view to call an inaugural meeting of such members at an early date and fixed Rs. 3 as annual subscription. Persons desirous of joining the Society are requested to communicate with Mr. N. H. Mapara, C/o Arvin and Co., Laxmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Bhagini Samaj Observes 'Gokhale Day'

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Gokhale Day part of the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Bhagini Samaj was observed at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall this evening, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad presiding.

After Mrs. Lilavati Banker had read messages from prominent persons Mrs. Jaishri Raiji, Secretary of the Samaj in presenting the annual report said that the Samaj was founded one year after Mr. Gokhale's death, in 1916, and at present contained 1,000 members. It aimed at the uplift of Indian women in social and educational spheres and was open to all creeds, castes and communities.

Mr. Karsondas Chitalia, disciple of Mr. Gokhale and founder of the Samaj, explained how the Bhagini Samaj started and its aims, objects and ideals.

Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru referred to the work of the Bhagini Samaj and said that the Bhagini group, the Seva Mandir, the industrial classes and the library, which were part of the Bhagini Samaj, provided a shining example to all. He could not praise sufficiently the work of the Seva Mandir, which had done great good to the women and the children of the labouring classes. The provision of free education, medical and recreational facilities, were some of the welcome features of the Mandir.

Referring to Mr. Gokhale's life the speaker said that by perseverance, industry and high principles, Mr. Gokhale had carved out a place for himself in Indian history. All his work was directed towards raising the status of India in the comity of nations.

It was with this view that the Servants of India Society was organised by him.

In conclusion the speaker expressed the hope that the Bhagini Samaj and the country at large would not forget the ideals for which Mr. Gokhale, lived and worked.

BHULABHAI'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai paid a tribute to Mr. Gokhale and said that the occasion reminded him not only of the departed person but also of his life and work. The best way in which his memory could be enshrined and perpetuated was by continuing the work he had started or inspired.

Hence it was that the Bhagini Samaj, which expressed his idealism and spirit of service, should continue and grow.

Among living persons Gandhiji called himself a disciple of Mr. Gokhale.

BRITAIN'S FAILURE.

Chimanlal Setalvad joined in the tribute and said that Britain had failed and failed miserably to understand the patriotism of Indians of the stature of Mr. Tilak and Mr. Gokhale. It was this that had created a gulf between the two nations and it was found to become widen if good sense did not dawn on England in quick time.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta proposed the vote of thanks.

Tata Iron And Steel Co.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A meeting of the deferred shareholders of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., which was fined for to-day, was adjourned.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata stated that he occupied the chair in pursuance of the order of the High Court and that he adjourned the meeting till further orders from the Court were received.

DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO.

Nasik City Branch of the above Bank will be opened at Eikabhai Manzil, Main Road Nasik to-morrow (Wednesday) between 8-30 a.m. and 10-30 a.m. Nasik Road Sub-Office will also be opened on the same day at Khorshed Mansion Nasik Road between 11-45 a.m. and 1-45 p.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

EXPORTS

Bombay, February 10

1666 bags gr nut seed The Oilseed Trading Co Ltd; 3900 bags gr nut kernels Vaid Bros Ltd; 900 bags dry ginger K Morarjee; 145 bales cotton fly oily Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

IMPORTS

617 bags gum; 59 bags quince seeds; 9767 cases chlorate of potash; 335 cases machinery; 125 s/bags sodium sulphate; 40 drums paint; 1904 drums solid caustic soda; 334 drums flake caustic soda; 4668 bags soda ash; 2500 bags bicarb soda; 40 drums powdered bisulphite soda; 40 kegs hyposulphite crystals; 280 s/bags light soda ash; 40 casks China clay; 61 pkgs wool fat; 232 pkgs dyestuffs.

Late Diwan Bahadur A. U. Malji

We regret to announce the death of Diwan Bahadur A. U. Malji which took place at Broach on Sunday last. Diwan Bahadur Malji was a leading pleader of Broach but better known throughout Gujarat and Bomaby Province as one of the acknowledged leaders of the co-operative movement. He organised the Broach District Co-operative Bank in 1907 of which he continued to be the Chairman for a number of yeaers. He also promoted a spinning and weaving mill at Broach. His services in the cause of co-operation were unflagging and they were gratefully recognised both by the Government and his non-official colleagues. He was appointed Divisional Honorary Organiser of Co-operative Societies for Gujarat in 1918, and continued to hold that office till death. Since the organisation of the Gujarat Divisional Branch of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute in 1920 he was its Chairman and the leading figure among non-official co-operators of Gujarat. Nominated member of the Bombay Legislative Council in 1925 in connection with Co-operative Societies Bill. He was also co-opted as non-official Bombay Member of the Royal Commission on Agriculture. He was Chairman of the Indore State Co-operative Inquiry Committee 1928 and Director Local Board of the Reserve Bank of India since 1936. He was also a Director of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank for about 12 years.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH

New York: February 10.

Previous closing 18.55
To-day's opening 18.57
Difference ..... +2

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: February 10.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

March (18.48/48) 18.58/57
May (18.65/65) 18.73/73
July (18.77/77) 18.85/84

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: February 10.

SEEDS

Castorseeds February/March (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 5/8 sellers
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta February/March (£20 11/16 sellers) £20 11/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata February/March (£18 7/8 sellers) £18 7/8 sellers
Groundnut Coromandal Coast February/March (£19 3/8 sellers) £19 3/8 sellers

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES.

T.T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: February 10.

Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening 4.03 3/4

T.T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: February 10.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION.

London: February 10.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER

London: February 10.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 9/16d) 23 9/16d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.3/4

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: February 10.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors (dol 33 1/8) dol 33 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27 1/2) dol 26 5/8
United States Steel Common (dol 52 3/8) dol 51 3/8
United States Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: February 10.

The London Stock Exchange was quieter.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: February 10.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: February 10.

5 per cent 1958/68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £82 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 3/16
2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 15/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 15/16
3 per cent War Loan £101 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds £113 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 31-3
Electric Music Industry 14-3
Princhin Johnson 21-3 1/2
Imperial Chemicals 32-7
Woolsworth New Ordinary 49-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £77
Dundee 28-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary 29
Ford Motors 26-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £68 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordy £3 27/32
Carreas 'A' £5 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 1/2
P. and O. Defd. 27-4 1/2
Distillers 74-9
Bredford Dye 9-7 1/2
British Celanese 7-3
J. and P. Coates 37-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 33-3
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-7 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-6
Inter Nickel dol 43 1/4
Indian Iron 40-7 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam 16-3
Donaro Tea 28-9
Empire of India 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 12-6
Gula Kelampong 8-9
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 16-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 18-1 1/2
Burma Corporation 4-9
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £2
Rand Mines £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 1/2
Associated Portland Cement 51-3
Trinidad Leasehold 66-3 ex-div.
Sub-Nigel £6 7/8
Spring Mines Split shares £1 1/16
Union Corporation 143-9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-3
Anglo-India 45-7 1/2
Burma Oil £2 7/32
Mexican Eagle £13-1 1/2
Shell Transport £2 9/32
Royal Dutch £18

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £44 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £18
London North Eastern Defd. £2 1/4
London Southern Defd £16
London Transport 5 per cent £130
London Transport £40 1/2

T. U. C. Chief Meets Labour Member

NEW DELHI, February 10.

Mr. V. R. Kalappa, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, and Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., (Central), met the Hon. Sir Firoz Khan Noon, Labour Member Government of India this morning.

It is understood that the matters 'inter alia' discussed related to the devising measures for allaying the panic among workers in the factories in vulnerable areas.—United Press.

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ANTI-AIRCRAFT MACHINE-GUN

TWO of India's first half-million train with this new machine-gun, mounted for action against low-flying aircraft. The triped carries a swivel on which the gun can follow a diving raider with deadly precision.

India's new army is drawn from all creeds and castes and from all districts; so that, if it comes to invasion, Indian soldiers, with their intimate knowledge of the country, will be more than a match for any foreign expeditionary force. The new defenders of India are armed and clothed with fully up-to-date equipment.

Smartness and Comfort are now combined in the soldier's uniform. His Khaki, invented on the plains of Hindustan, is all made in India.

Much of it comes from—

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MUTT AND JEFF—All of Which Goes to Show That Mutt and Jeff Are Not So Dumb About Finance — By BUD FISHER

PROFESSOR, WE WANNA STUDY AND GET SMART! WE WANNA TAKE A COLLEGE COURSE!
YEH! WE WANNA BE REAL SMART— WHAT DO WE GOTTA DO?
WELL, FILL OUT AN APPLICATION AND IF YOU PASS AND HAVE THE NECESSARY TUITION, MOSTLY YOU'RE ALL SET!
TUITION? THAT MEANS MONEY!
WE'RE BROKE! WE HAVE NO MONEY!
WELL, SOME SMART YOUNG FELLOWS I KNOW GOT A JOB AND WORKED THEIR WAY THROUGH COLLEGE! WHY DON'T YOU WORK?
WORK?
PHOOEY! WE'LL STAY DUMB!

"Flower Brand"

Magnolia Antifriction
WHITE METAL

Agents: BATLIBOI & Co.,
Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

TRADE & SPECULATIVE BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Moderate Hedge Selling And Realising

BILL TO PREVENT COTTON SALES BELOW PARITY

Bombay, February 10

The New York cotton market was very steady on Monday under renewed buying. Senator Nye has introduced legislation to prevent Commodity Credit Corporation operations holding agriculturals below parity levels.

It will be observed that American Senators are keenly watching the interests of agriculturists and are ready to bring forward measures when anything is done by the administration against the interest of the United States agriculturists.

With a view to counteract the effect of the Price Control legislation, President Roosevelt has ordered sales of Government owned stocks. But the Bill introduced by Senator Nye will check sales below parity level. Thus if parity prices improve, all agricultural price levels will also improve and no injustice will be done to any particular class. It seems that the Bill will be supported by an overwhelming majority.

NEW YORK MARKET

There was moderate hedge selling and profit-taking on the New York Cotton Exchange on Monday and all offerings were absorbed by trade covering. Wall Street and New Orleans buying on reports that Senator Nye introduced legislation to prevent C. C. C. operations holding agriculturals below parity levels.

The market opened at a rise of 4 points at 18.48 for March and declined to 18.47 which was the lowest level reached at noon. In the afternoon there was renewed buying and March advanced to 18.56 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 11 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 13 points at 20.14c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was very steady and under improved buying closed at a rise of 11 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices gained 11 points at 19.25c per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state: Singapore cable reporting the enemy landing on North-West areas of the island and flooding of the floating docks threw a gloom on the local market yesterday, which opened very nervous. General liquidation and hedging ensued resulting a sharp fall. The cultivator's "orphan" cotton child found no friends and sympathisers barring some short covering. Absence of promised Central Government announcement of their purchases of short staple cotton was another discordent note. The despondency in forward market permeated to ready, where buyers were too timid. The total outstanding open futures contracts are estimated about 4 lacs bales, of this 1 1/2 lac are said to be hedges and the remainder speculative sales. It was reported yesterday that the new crop 1943 Broach contract is likely to be opened for trading about the beginning of next April. Latest war news show no important developments either in Singapore or Rangoon but local attention is now being directed to Delhi and the meetings between Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek and other Indian leaders.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (2-16 p.m.)	18.55+18
New York March lowest (11-44 a.m.)	18.47+83

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Trade and local buying Small offerings. Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, February 9

March	18.55+11
May	18.70+11
July	18.83
October	18.93+18
December	19.00+18
January	19.06+15
Midlling Spot	20.14+13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, February 9

March	18.58+11
May	18.75+11
July	18.88+14
October	19.11+13
December	19.15+12
January	19.19+12
Middling Spot	19.25+11

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, February 9
Noon call

March	mutilated
May	18.62
July	18.74

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, February 9

T T London on:—
New York, Madrid, Montreal, Zurich and Stockholm, sellers and buyers unchanged.

Warning To Cotton Speculators

The East India Cotton Association Ltd. has circulated for the information of Members and their constituents, the following copies of letters received from the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department:—

(1) SUBJECT:—Cotton Trade: effect on the—on account of the present transport situation.

"I am directed to inform you that in view of the present situation transport facilities for not-essential goods may be severely curtailed in the near future without notice. This factor is probably already sufficiently appreciated by the Board of your Association and the Trade. I am, however, to suggest that, if your Board agrees, a clear warning to this effect may be given to all concerned so that speculative commitments may be reduced to a minimum."

(2) SUBJECT:—Cotton Trade: possible revision of the Hedge-Contract on account of the war situation.

"I am directed to state that under By-Law 47, the Board of your Association has been authorised to permit trading in new crops from 1st April next. A situation may arise in which only such cotton can be brought into Bombay as is essential for export or local consumption. Accordingly it may be necessary to revise the relevant By-Laws or schedules to the By-Laws of your Association regulating the respective hedge contracts. A further communication on this point will follow. Meanwhile I am to request you to warn all interests concerned to take into account this factor before entering into commitments in respect of the new crop."

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 10th February 1942. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,24,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 89 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 1-0-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 17th February 1942. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 20th February 1942. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 6th February 1942, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 84,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' Intermediates will be sold from 11th February 1942 to 16th February 1942 at Rs. 99-12-3 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months' Intermediates sold from 4th February 1942 to 9th February 1942 amounted to Rs. 98,00,000.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS
Bombay, February 10

Groundnuts	February—			
Opening		Rs.	42	13 0
Highest			43	5 6
Lowest			42	13 0
Closing			43	4 0
Cottonseeds	May—			
Opening			44	8 0
Highest			44	9 6
Lowest			44	3 6
Closing			44	7 9
Castorseeds	May—			
Opening			25	0 0
Highest			25	4 0
Lowest			25	0 0
Closing			25	3 9
Cottonseeds	May—			
Opening			40	7 0
Highest			40	13 0
Lowest			40	7 0
Closing			40	12 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS
Bombay, February 10

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. February 216 April 215 June 214
Yarn No. 10 1/2s February 235 April 234 June 233
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. February 352 April 315 June 312
Yarn No. 40s. February 530 April 525 June 520
Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s, 40s, are nominal.

BOMBAY METALS
Bombay, February 10

Yellow metal sheets Rs. 29 0 0
Copper sheets Rs. 45 0 0
Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED

Bombay, February 10

The local share bazar remained entirely closed as a mark of respect to the death of Sheth Mansukhlal Tarvala.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, February 10

Although the market remained officially open to-day no business was transacted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, February 9

The Stock Exchange moved mostly lower in quiet trading on disappointing war news especially from Singapore. Giltedged maintained but Home Rails, Internationals, Industrials and oils, eased in the absence of support with stores particularly weak feature on supply difficulties. Mark Spencer declining 3/5 to 32/3. San Paulo, Coffee Loan and Railway ordinary both moved up point but Argentine Rails reactionary while Kaffirs drifted down in absence demand. Rubbers easy on deteriorating pacific situation.

COLOMBO QUOTATIONS

COLOMBO: February 10.

Price of rubber in the local market was sheet 55 1/2, crepe 56 1/2. Yesterday's closing price was the same. Copra 43.00. Coconut oil F.O.B. 550.00 nominal.

Share Market: Estates Company of Uva 13 1/2, Malmawa 21 1/2, Miyanawita Ceylon Tea 9 1/2. Richlands Tea 11 1/7. Saint Jamesuva Tea 16, Torrington Tea 7 1/2, Upper-Maskeliya 17, Uva Highlands Tea 16 1/2. Hunnuwela Pelmadulla Rubber 17, Kaluganga Valley Tea Rubber 5, Northwestern 9 1/2, Opalgalla Tea Rubber 6 1/2.

Commercial Companies: British Ceylon Corporation 5 3/4, Ceylon Theatres 18 1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, February 9

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£b8 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£101 13/16
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 1/2
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 1/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£113 1/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£6 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	£64
National Bank of India	£69

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET CLOSED

Bombay, February 10

The local market suspended trading as a protest against the Sales Tax in Punjab.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

Bombay, February 9

Broach A/M highest 192 1/4 lowest 184 3/4 closing 184 3/4
Broach J/A highest 198 1/2 lowest 192 1/2 closing 192 1/2
Oomra March highest 147 lowest 143 3/4 closing 143 3/4
Oomra May highest 152 lowest 148 1/2 closing 148 1/2
Oomra July highest 155 lowest 151 1/2 closing 152
Bengal March highest 124 1/2 lowest 121 1/4 closing 122
Bengal May highest 127 lowest 124 1/2 closing 124 1/2
Bengal July highest 130 lowest 127 1/4 closing 127 1/4

COTTON PARITY

Broch A/M below New York May 1,157 cent points at 331
Broach J/A below New York July 1,140 cent points at 331

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, February 10

The market was officially open to-day but members did not do any business. Nominal quotation Gold Fagan Rs. 47/14 and Silver Fagan Rs. 64/12.

LONDON SILVER
London, February 9

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 9/16

LONDON GOLD
London, February 9

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-8-0

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Service FOR Victory

WHAT THE RAILWAYS ARE DOING!

- In a war Railways are vital lines of communication. Indian Railways are now in the front rank of National Service and are playing a very conspicuous part in the Country's war effort. Never before in their history have they been called upon to provide such abnormal transportation requirements. Thousands of factories turning out war material and other vital necessities depend on the Railways for supplies. Thousands of additional goods trains have to be run day and night to meet these demands.
- Railways must also keep the Nation's food, coal and essential trades moving. Indispensable train services have also to be maintained in Public Interest.
- Railways have given unstintingly in men, money and service. Many Railway Workshops are engaged in the production of war equipment and munitions. There are thousands of Railwaymen on war service who are contributing their specialized knowledge to the National cause.
- National duties may prevent running all the trains which you, and the Railways, might wish; you may also experience delays, occasional overcrowding, personal inconvenience and discomfort, but remember National needs must come first!

YOU CAN HELP THE RAILWAY CONSIDERABLY BY MAKING IT A POINT NOT TO TRAVEL OR UNDERTAKE ANY LONG JOURNEY BY TRAIN UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. YOUR FULLEST CO-OPERATION IN THIS MATTER WILL NOT ONLY RESULT IN LESS OVERCROWDING AND INCONVENIENCE IN PASSENGER SERVICES, BUT WILL ALSO ENABLE THE RAILWAY TO MOVE MORE FREELY VITAL WAR TRAFFIC, FOOD, COAL, AND OTHER COMMODITIES ESSENTIAL TO THE ECONOMIC NEEDS OF THE COUNTRY.

DO PLEASE AVOID TRAVEL IF YOU CAN

When you're out to look your best
BRYLCREEM your hair!

He's out to look his best—and he always succeeds. Every morning he rubs a little Brylcreem into his hair and scalp. All day long his hair is controlled easily and naturally without 'plastering' or 'gumming'. And all the time the tonic ingredients in Brylcreem are nourishing the roots. Brylcreem-ed hair is 'well-grown' as well as 'well groomed'. Buy a bottle or tube today.

Made in England by the Country Perfumery Co., Ltd., London.

★Try BRYLFOAM SHAMPOO. Another BRYLCREEM Product. BRYLFOAM cleanses thoroughly, cannot coarsen the hair—leaves it soft and supple. In handy tubes ready for use.

NO GUM · NO SOAP · NO SPIRIT · NO STARCH

Bobby got rid of that COLD —quickly!

At Bedtime He was Miserable

Nose all stuffed up, throat on fire, a bad cough, chest tight and achy. I decided to give this cold the treatment I've heard so many mothers talk about. So I rubbed his throat, chest, and back with Vicks VapoRub.

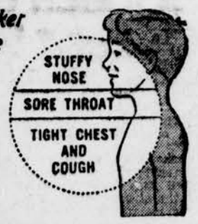
A Brisk Rub Brought Relief

His breathing sounded so much easier as he started to inhale those head-clearing vapours. At the same time, like a poultice, VapoRub seemed to "draw out" the tightness and soreness in chest and throat. His coughing stopped. He relaxed comfortably, and soon fell asleep. And VapoRub must have gone on working, *because*

This Morning He Feels Fine

His cold is almost gone—no more coughing or sore throat, no achy tightness in his chest, no snuffly nose. I'm so glad I didn't waste time with halfway treatments. Seems to me I should have known that, to end a cold quickly, you have to fight it in *nose, throat,* and *chest* all at once—the way VapoRub does!

You end colds quicker when you relieve ALL these miseries



Nose, throat, and chest are all in danger when a child has a cold. The vapour and poultice actions of VapoRub bring help straight to all three. No wonder VapoRub breaks up a cold quickly!

VICKS VAPORUB

OVER 26 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

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The Scotch with CHARACTER

A noble Character not only commands respect, it has respect for you, for this famous Whisky has a genial and courteous personality, a Character that has a high regard for your enjoyment. You taste it in the magnificent mellow-rich flavour.

You sense it in the delectable bouquet.

If you want the finest in Scotch, "BLACK & WHITE" is respectfully yours

"BLACK & WHITE"
The Scotch with Character

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Wednesday, February 11, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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FREE INDIA CAN FIGHT FOR TEN YEARS

C. R. Explains Congress Attitude To War Effort

HOSPET, Feb. 8.

Unless the country was made free and the people of India were made to feel that this country was their own, just as Chinese people felt that China was their own, it was not possible that all-India could combine to evoke adequate sacrifice and offer adequate defence against the enemy, declared Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, ex-Premier of Madras, who arrived here in the course of his tour, addressing a largely attended public meeting.

"Unless that is done," said Mr. Rajagopalachariar, "even if we were willing, it is not physically possible, it is not psychologically possible for an unarmed people like us to defend India."

"It is true," he said, "that the British Government neglected their duty and made us less and less manly. They disarmed us and made us unfit psychologically to stand up and fight an enemy. But even though that was done, we did not give up our struggle for Swaraj or our demand for independence.

"The world will find in operation a new method of warfare in India," continued the speaker, "if only India is made free."

"If the Congress had said that the freedom of India was a necessary condition for her participation in the war effort, it was not mere stubbornness—it was not mere contumacy, but it was a statement of the necessary essential for efficiency and success.

"We want every man and woman in India to feel that the responsibility may come upon us and we must steel our hearts for sacrifice and for the defence of honour. Supposing the British do not give it, nothing is lost. Nothing is lost by making our hearts strong, for the day of freedom is sure to come.

"When the freedom is given that moment our hearts must be ready. Therefore, we must rehearse our hearts through courage and through heroism from now," added Mr. Rajagopalachariar.

He ridiculed the idea that Indians would get better treatment at the hands of the Japanese and said: "The bugs that we are used to will bite us less and suck less than new and hungry bugs. We must not talk of change of masters, we must continue our struggle for freedom and not prepare for a change of masters."

"Let Britain declare India free to-day. India will fight not for five years, but for ten years, if necessary," concluded Mr. Rajagopalachariar.—A. P.

No Clash In A.R.P. Work

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

From the latest declarations made on behalf of Government, the Congress and the Moslem league, the impression derived here is that no possibility of a clash between official and non-official A. R. P. organisations need be apprehended.

The hope was expressed to-day in authoritative quarters that any parallel efforts when they came up against actualities on the streets before during and after air raids would inevitably be drawn together and proceed on complementary lines. It is possible that a further declaration of the official attitude in this matter will shortly be made; but it is emphasised that A. R. P. and Civil defence are essentially for the people themselves to organise and carry through and that the success of the measures depends on the will and the efficiency which the people themselves bring to the work.—A. P.

Identity Discs For Sale

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

Fifteen million identity discs are proposed to be sold to the civilian population in India at one anna each as part of A. R. P. measures, it is learnt here.

Each disc will have stamped on it the serial number, and a letter indicating religion. One of the copies will be given to the buyer, one will be kept by the seller and the original will be sent to the A. R. P. and Civil Defence Information Bureau which is to be set up. In the case of death or loss of memory, the identity disc would give all the necessary information about the person concerned.—A. P.

Rearrested After Acquittal

GAYA, Feb. 8.

Mr. Hiralal Palit, author of "Philosophy of Socialism in Hindi", who was tried under the Defence of India Rules for writing that book and acquitted by Mr. Blackburn, the Sessions Judge of Gaya, was rearrested yesterday in consequence of an appeal against his acquittal having been admitted in the Patna High Court.—A. P.

PROHIBITION ISSUE IN FEDERAL COURT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

Holding that before the Government of India Act of 1935 came into force, provincial legislature had power to prohibit possession of intoxicants by any persons or class of persons, surely Parliament could not have intended to withhold this power in the Act of 1935 Mr. Baldev Sahai Advocate-General of Bihar maintained before the Federal Court to-day, in the appeal from the judgment of the Patna High Court, that provincial legislature had full and plenary powers within prescribed limits to legislate on the subject.

Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer, Advocate-General of Madras Government, then addressing the court, submitted that item 31 of the provincial list was absolutely clear and there was no scope for any ambiguity in the matter. He added, cases had arisen where legislative power was to regulate a subject and in these cases, it was possible that the rule enunciated in 1896 appeal cases 88 might apply, but there was no scope for any such argument in the present case. He pleaded that section 297 had absolutely no relevancy to the present case.

Continuing the Madras Advocate-General said it was unnecessary to go into the question of power as regards prohibition in dominions as in this particular case the language of item 31 was quite clear.

Judgement was reserved.—A. P.

"C. R." On Br. Statements

BELLARY, February 9.

"The most charitable construction that can be placed on the British statements is that it is either self-deception or that misfortunes have stunned their brains and deadened their imagination," observed Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar ex-Premier of Madras and member of the Congress Working Committee addressing a mass meeting here.

Referring to the suggestion that the Congress resolution either marked a bargaining spirit or indicated contumacy on their part Mr. Rajagopalachari criticised Britain for pursuing a policy of distrust and failing to equip Indians for defence.—United Press.

Rural Purses For Jawaharlal

CAWNPORE, February 9.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by the local Congress leaders including Pandit Balkrishna Sharma, Mr. Pyarelal Agarwal, Pandit Ganga Sahai Chaubey, Pandit Brahama Dutta Dixit and Mr. Hamid Khap, went to rural areas and addressed meetings at village Rura and Pukharayan where he was presented a purse of Rs. 651 and Rs. 888, respectively.

In the course of his speech there, he emphasised the need of developing the village industry and forming village organisation.

Standing Finance Committee

NEW DELHI, February 9.

Various proposals relating to the Capital Works programme of the Posts and Telegraphs Departments for 1942-'43 were discussed and approved by the Standing Finance Committee at its meeting held in New Delhi on February 9.

The Committee also considered and adopted proposals relating to the construction of additional office and residential accommodation in New Delhi and Simla.

Furthermore, it sanctioned expenditure connected with the War Injuries Scheme of the Government of India.—A. P.

DELHI COMMUNIQUE ON SARAT BOSE'S INTERVIEWERS

NEW DELHI, February 9.

A communique states: in a Calcutta press message dated February 8, it was stated that the visit of two Bengal Ministers to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose was being made for certain purposes with special permission from the Government of India. This is entirely incorrect. Subject to certain conditions, security prisoners are allowed interviews under the ordinary rules and it is understood that the visit in question is taking place under these rules.—A. P.

CHILD ART EXHIBITION

Clay models of animals by children of 8 to 10 years of age—on view at the Child Art Exhibition at the Town Hall, Bombay.

TWO EXAMPLES OF PAINTING BY CHILDREN.

CONGRESS AND SIND CABINET

Azad Summons Sidhwa & Choitram To Lahore

KARACHI, Feb. 9.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly, is leaving for Lahore tonight on receipt of a telegram from the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.

Maulana Azad will have consultations on the Sind Constitutional question with Mr. Sidhwa and the Sind Premier, Khan Bahadur Allah Baksh, who is expected to arrive at Lahore on February 11.

It is understood that the Congress Party has not yet finally decided its attitude towards the Allah Baksh Ministry on the question arising from the pending constitutional issues between the Ministry and the Governor on the matter of the use of special powers, but it is generally agreed that the Congress Party will continue to support the Ministry till a final verdict on the constitutional question is given by the Viceroy or the Secretary of State.

Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, has also been asked by Maulana Azad to proceed to Lahore with Party members for consultations on February 11.—A.P.

League To Oppose Joshi's Resolution

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

The Muslim League Party in the Central Legislative Assembly, at a meeting this afternoon, is understood to have decided to oppose Mr. Joshi's resolution relating to the "establishment of National Government" at the Centre as also the various amendments tabled to the resolution. The party, it is further learned, will not table any amendment of its own.—A. P.

JAWAHAR'S ADVICE TO STUDENTS

CAWNPORE Feb. 9.

The students' function is to learn and not to teach, observed Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a meeting of students held in Tilak Hall with Mr. Pyarelal Agarwal, president of the City Congress Committee in the chair.

Pandit Nehru said that the question was very often asked if students could take part in politics. The answer to this question was in the affirmative as it was essential for them to learn politics to be responsible citizens in future.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru criticised the participation of students in politics on party lines and added that party politics had proved disastrous to students movements in other countries also in their individual capacity students could join any political party but as students they should be united and should conduct their movement absolutely free from party politics.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru referred to the Patna Conference of students and expressed surprise at the new policy laid down there. The claim of students to speak on behalf of forty million people in regard to war was ridiculous, he remarked.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru was pained at the growing indiscipline among students. He had very often read in newspapers about students fighting amongst themselves which was a sign of their weakness.

The Congress, he added followed the peaceful methods for some years and found them very useful to the country. He pointed out that even in case he had to resort to violence it would not amount to abusing others. Abusing others would weaken their cause.

Referring to the war Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru said that he would not discuss the point whether help should be given or not, but he would certainly say that it could not be the peoples' war when a majority of the people, except a few individuals, were against it.

Later Pt. Nehru performd the opening ceremony of the Gramodyog Bhandar and addressed a meeting in Hatia. He stressed the need of developing village industry.—A. P.

CASES UNDER DEFENCE RULE AGAINST STUDENTS TO BE WITHDRAWN

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

The Government of Bengal have, it is learnt, decided to withdraw all cases against the students who are being prosecuted under the Defence of India rules in consequence of incidents arising out of the recent tour of the Ministers and ex-Ministers in the province.—A. P.

Fire Havoc In Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.

One of the worst fires in Philadelphia's history razed 20 buildings comprising shops and houses and damaged 50 others.

The damage exceeds a million dollars. Fifty thousand persons watched the fire.

About 200 persons, mostly firemen, have been treated for injuries as a result of the fire. Eleven of the injured are in hospital. "It is the worst fire I have ever experienced," said fire-chief William Cowden.

It is now stated that four buildings were destroyed and 13 damaged.—Reuter.

FOR HOLLYWOOD GOLD STATUETTE

Bette Davis Nominated For Third Award

HOLLYWOOD (California), Feb. 9.

Bette Davis, already twice winner of "Oscar" the annual award of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences for the year's outstanding performance, has been nominated for the third award for her work in the 1941 film "the Little Foxes" making her the first potential third time winner of filmdom's most coveted gold statuette.

Others nominated include Joan Fontaine "In Suspicion"; Greer Garson "Blossoms in the Dust"; Olivia De Havilland "Hold Back the Dawn"; Barbara Stanwyck "The Ball of Fire"; Gary Cooper "Sergeant York"; Cary Grant "Penny Serenade"; Walter Huston "All That Money Can Buy"; Robert Montgomery "Here Comes Mister Jordan"; Orson Welles "Citizen Kane".

Some 10,000 members of the Film Industry will participate in the final voting which will be climaxed by a presentation dinner for the winners on February the guest of honour.—Reuter.

CHHATARI FOR VICEROY'S COUNCIL?

Nizam May Invite Sir M Ismail To Succeed Nawab

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 10.

Speculation is rife that the Nawab of Chhatari who succeeded Sir Akbar Hydari as President of the Nizam's Executive Council has accepted to serve in the Viceroy's expanded Executive Council. It is stated it was while at Delhi that the Nawab of Chhatari had given his consent in the course of an interview he had with the Viceroy to join the Central Executive.

Now that it is a settled fact, the Nawab of Chhatari leaves Hyderabad, the question of his successor in Hyderabad looms large.

Political circles opine that Sir Mirza Ismail, ex-Dewan of Mysore, who was once offered finance membership of Hyderabad State may be invited by the Nizam to take up the Presidentship of the Executive Council which will take place with the assumption of the incoming president.

ARMS ACT CAN'T BE LIBERALISED

Such Step Will Increase Number Of Crimes, Says U. P. Governor

LUCKNOW, February 9.

The Governor of the United Provinces in his letter dated December 31, 1941, to Dr. Sir Sita Ram, President of the United Provinces Legislative Council, regarding the resolutions passed at the informal meeting of the members of the United Provinces Legislative Council in August 1941, says that in view of the law and order conditions in the province he does not agree to so liberalise the provisions of the Arms Act as to exempt the possession of spears and other weapons of cold steel from its operation and allow all persons paying a rent of Rs. 200 or land revenue of Rs. 100 or payers of income tax to keep arms as in his opinion such liberalisation of the Arms Act, would deteriorate the law and order position and would increase the number of violent crimes.

It is pointed out that the restriction of swords has been removed.

SEATS RETAINED DESPITE ABSENCE

Judge's Verdict In Favour Of Congressmen

CALICUT, Feb. 10.

Orders that Mr. K. Madhava Menon Chairman and four other Congress members of the Calicut Municipality including Srimati A. V. Kuttimalu Amma were not disqualified and that they retained their seats despite their absence from the Council meetings consecutively for more than three months owing to their imprisonment in connection with Satyagraha, were passed by the District Judge, Calicut, on a reference by the Commissioner of the local Municipal Council.

The judge held that they were not disqualified so long as notices of meetings had not been duly served on them.—A. P.

Kathiawar Rulers In Conference

RAJKOT, February 9.

The present political situation in the country and its effect on the Kathiawar States and important matters relating to war efforts, it is learnt, formed the subject matter of the agenda of the meeting of the Kathiawar Rulers held at Wankaner yesterday. His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, presided.

The question relating to the installation of the minor Thakore Saheb of Wadhwan on the "Gadi" is also believed to have been discussed by the Rulers at yesterday's Conference.

A report is current here that the question of formation of a Council of Regency for the Dhrangadhra State as the new Ruler is a minor is receiving consideration of the Agency. Official confirmation is, however, not yet available.—United Press.

"Rahbar" Editor Dead

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Feb. 9.

Mr. Syed Ahmad Mohiuddin, editor of the "Rahbar" an Urdu daily in South India, died this morning after a short illness. He started his journalistic career 22 years ago and was a prominent member of the "Ittihabul Moslimin."—United Press.

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Respect of Other Men

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Inspector Wade — THE COAT OF ARMS — By Edgar Wallace

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MY DRESSING-ROOM IS THIS WAY..
FUNNY! I FEEL AS IF WE HAVE AN AUDIENCE!
SO DO I, DON! AND I DON'T MEAN OUT FRONT...
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